Children and Young People Overview and Scrutiny Committee

8 September, 2010

Agenda

A meeting of the Children and Young People Overview and Scrutiny Committee will take place at the SHIRE HALL, WARWICK on WEDNESDAY, 8 SEPTEMBER, 2010 at 10.00 am.

The agenda will be:-

- 1. Appointment of Vice Chair
- 2. General
 - (1) Apologies for Absence
 - (2) Members' Declarations of Personal and Prejudicial Interests

Members are reminded that they should declare the existence and nature of their personal interests at the commencement of the item (or as soon as the interest becomes apparent). If that interest is a prejudicial interest the Member must withdraw from the room unless one of the exceptions applies.

Membership of a district or borough council is classed as a personal interest under the Code of Conduct. A Member does not need to

The public reports referred to are available on the Warwickshire Web www.warwickshire.gov.uk/committee-papers declare this interest unless the Member chooses to speak on a matter relating to their membership. If the Member does not wish to speak on the matter, the Member may still vote on the matter without making a declaration.

(3) Minutes of the Children, Young People and Families Overview and Scrutiny Committee meeting held on 23 June 2010

These are provided for information to help inform discussion on the future work programme.

(4) Remit of the Children and Young People Overview and Scrutiny Committee

To review and or scrutinise the provision of public services in Warwickshire relating to education and skills, services for children, families and young people including schools, 16-19 years education, pre-school children, Connexions, child protection, family support and social care, children with specific needs and the Youth Service.

(5) Chair's Announcements

3. Public Question Time (Standing Order 34)

Up to 30 minutes of the meeting is available for members of the public to ask questions on any matters relevant to the business of the Children and Young People Overview and Scrutiny Committee.

Questioners may ask two questions and can speak for up to three minutes each.

To be sure of receiving an answer to an appropriate question, please contact Ann Mawdsley on 01926 418079 or e-mail **annmawdsley@warwickshire.gov.uk** at least five working days before the meeting. Otherwise, please arrive at least 15 minutes before the start of the meeting and ensure that Council staff are aware of the matter on which you wish to speak.

4. Questions to the Portfolio Holder

Up to 30 minutes of the meeting is available for Members of the Committee to put questions to the Portfolio Holder on any matters relevant to the Children, Young People and Families remit. Questions should exclude business to be discussed under the Quarterly Corporate Performance Report or any other report on this Agenda.

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The public reports referred to are available on the Warwickshire Web www.warwickshire.gov.uk/committee-papers

5. Overview of new ways of working for the CYPF Directorate

The Committee will receive a presentation from Marion Davis, Strategic Director for Children, Young People and Families on the new ways of working for the Children, Young People and Families Directorate.

6. Review of Permanent School Exclusions 2010

Report of the Chair of the School Exclusions Panel.

A panel of members has recently completed a scrutiny review of permanent school exclusions in Warwickshire. The review was prompted by a desire to understand why children are excluded, the mechanisms that are in place to help them, their families and schools and the measures that are needed to reduce the number of exclusions further.

Recommendations

That the Children and Young People Overview and Scrutiny Committee approves the recommendations of the School Exclusions Panel and passes them to Cabinet for consideration

For further information please contact Paul Williams, Overview and Scrutiny Officer, Tel@ 01926 418196 E-mail *paulwilliams@warwickshire.gov.uk*.

7. Scrutiny of Safeguarding

Report of the Chair of the Safeguarding Task and Finish Group.

This report presents the report and recommendations from the Scrutiny of Safeguarding Task and Finish Group.

Recommendations

The Committee is recommended to agree the report and recommendations of the Scrutiny of Safeguarding Task and Finish Group and forward the report and recommendations onto Cabinet for consideration.

For further information please contact Michelle McHugh, Overview and Scrutiny Manager, Tel@ 01926 412144 E-mail *michellemchugh@warwickshire.gov.uk*.



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8. Work Programme 2010-11

Report of the Strategic Director of Customers, Workforce and Governance.

The Committee is asked to consider the items it would wish to include in its future work programme and any recommendations it would wish to make to the Overview and Scrutiny Board for task and finish groups.

Recommendation

That the Committee

- (1) Considers the draft work programme at Appendix 1 and amends as appropriate.
- (2) that the Committee recommends any task and finish groups to the Board as appropriate.

For further information please contact Jane Pollard, Democratic Services Manager, Tel: 01926 412565 E-mail *janepollard@warwickshire.gov.uk*.

9. Any Other Items

Which the Chair decides are urgent.

Jim Graham Chief Executive

Children and Young People Overview and Scrutiny Committee Membership

County Councillors:- Peter Balaam, Carol Fox, Robin Hazelton, Julie Jackson, Tilly May Mike Perry, Clive Rickhards, Carolyn Robbins, John Ross, June Tandy (Chair)

Cabinet Portfolio Holder:- Councillor Heather Timms (Children, Young People and Families)

Church Representatives:- Mr Joseph Cannon, Dr Rex Pogson

Parent Governor Representatives:- John Liddamore and Alison Livesey

The reports referred to are available in large print if requested

General Enquiries: Please contact Ann Mawdsley on 01926 418079 E-mail: annmawdsley@warwickshire.gov.uk Enquiries about specific reports: Please contact the officers named in the

reports.

The public reports referred to are available on the Warwickshire Web www.warwickshire.gov.uk/committee-papers



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Minutes of the Meeting of the Children, Young People and Families **Overview and Scrutiny Committee held on 23 June 2010**

Present:- Members of the Co	ommittee	Councillor Peter Balaam "Ron Cockings "Robin Hazelton "Clare Hopkinson "Julie Jackson "Julie Jackson "Tilly May "Tim Naylor "Carolyn Robbins "John Ross (Chair) "Sonja Wilson	
Church Representatives		Joseph Cannon Rex Pogson	
Invited Governor Representatives		Claire Sangster Chris Smart	
Other County Councillors		Councillor Heather Timms (Portfolio Holder for Children, Young People and Families)	
Officers	Geoff King, Head of Service – Commissioning Planning & Partnerships Division Ann Mawdsley, Principal Committee Administrator Kevin McGovern, Operations Manager Michelle McHugh, Overview and Scrutiny Manager Nick Williams, Assistant Head of Service (Pupil and Student Services)		

Also attending Jonathan Baker, Headteacher at Shipston High School

1. **Election of Chair**

Councillor Robin Hazelton, seconded by Councillor Sonja Wilson, proposed that Councillor John Ross be elected Chair of the Committee.

A vote was taken and it was resolved that Councillor John Ross be elected Chair of the Committee.

2. **Appointment of Vice-Chair**

Councillor John Ross, seconded by Councillor Tilly May, proposed that Councillor Carolyn Robbins be appointed Vice-Chair of the Committee.

A vote was taken and it was resolved that Councillor Carolyn Robbins be appointed Vice-Chair of the Committee.

3. General

The Chair thanked everyone attending the meeting today and over the past year for their contributions to carrying out the scrutiny function under difficult circumstances.

(1) Apologies for absence

Apologies for absence were received on behalf of Councillor Max Hyde, Alison Livesey and Councillor John Whitehouse.

(2) Members Declarations of Personal and Prejudicial Interests

Councillor Julie Jackson declared a personal interest in Item 6 as her daughter currently uses post 16 transport and as a Governor at Oak Wood School.

Councillor Carolyn Robbins declared a personal interest in Item 6 as her grandchildren use post 16 transport.

(3) Minutes of the Children, Young People and Families Overview and Scrutiny Committee meeting held on 1 December 2009

The minutes of the meeting held on 1 December 2009 were agreed with the following corrections:

Page 3 – Page 4 – 3.v Portfolio Holder Update

The word "not" be replaced with "no" in the eighth line.

Page 4 – 3 Supporting Schools

"DCFS" be replaced by "DCSF" in the fifth line.

Page 4 – 3.i Supporting Schools

The word "discreet" be replaced with "discrete" in the first line of point i.

Page 5 - 3.4 Supporting Schools

The word "shipping" be included between the words "secondhand" and "container" in the second line of point 4.

Page 5 - 3.4 Supporting Schools

The words "as a meeting room" be added to the end of point 4.

Page 5 - 3.7 Supporting Schools

The word "to" be replaced with the word "the" in the third line of point 7.

Page 6 - 3.8 Supporting Schools

The word "changes" be replaced by "chances" in the final line of point 8.

Page 6 - 3.9 Supporting Schools

"DCFS" be replaced by "DCSF" in the fifth line of point 9.

Page 6 - 3.9 Supporting Schools

The words "good to great" in the final line of point 9 be placed in inverted commas.

Page 7 – 4.6 Questions to the Portfolio Holder

The word "Solihul" to be replaced with "Solihull" in the penultimate line of point 6.

Matters Arising

Members noted that the following Briefing Notes had been requested and had not to date been received:

- A Briefing Note from Mark Gore setting out "staff transfers and budget for this and subsequent years" (page 3).
- A Briefing Note from Councillor Izzi Seccombe "detailing the current position, plans, progress and staffing movements, including changes to the original proposals due to local needs and local assessment" (page 6, point 2).
- A Briefing Note from Councillor Izzi Seccombe on the support being provided for teenage parents to minimise the impact on their education and to avoid any further unwanted pregnancies" (page 7. point 7).

Members had also not received a "plain English version of the indicators", which Tricia Morrison had agreed to provide (page 9, point 4).

Michelle McHugh agreed to follow these up with the relevant officers/Member and to forward electronic copies to Members.

(4) Chair's Announcements

The Chair welcomed Councillor Heather Timms to her first O&S meeting as Portfolio Holder for Children, Young People and Families. He also welcomed Jonathan Baker (Headteacher at Shipston High School) to the meeting.

The Chair reminded the Committee that, in line with the Member Code of Conduct, Item 6 would be looking at the implementation of the post 16 transport decision taken by full Council on 9 February 2010, and not the decision itself.

4. Public Question Time

There were no public questions.

5. Questions to the Portfolio Holder

Councillor Heather Timms

- 1. Councillor Timms stated that she was keen to focus on the objectives set as a Council, but the key issue was educational achievement.
- 2. When asked what topics any future O&S Committee should be considering, Councillor Timms made the following suggestions:
 - Partnership working such as the Joint Review of Antenatal and Postnatal Support for Teenage Parents (Nuneaton and Bedworth Borough Council, Rugby Borough Council and Warwickshire County Council).
 - Academies and the changing role of the Local Authority.
 - In light of the Munro Review on improving child protection, there was a need to ensure that the right processes and risk assessments were in place without having an adverse impact on the lives of children and parents.
- 3. Councillor Timms undertook to remind officers of the importance of keeping local Members informed of any issues relating to their divisions.
- 4. There was no obligation for any group interested in setting up a new free school to notify their Local Authority, and to date the County Council was not aware of any applications in Warwickshire.
- 5. In response to a query regarding school places and appeals, Nick Williams noted that every Warwickshire parent had received an offer of a school place (Primary Schools in February, and Secondary Schools on 2 March). Appeals were still ongoing and where appeals were unsuccessful, parents could still take up the original offers and put their child's name of a waiting list for alternative schools. These waiting lists would remain in place until the end of the year and parents would be

notified if places became available at their first preference school.

- 6. No notification or new guidance had been received from Government in relation to Building Schools for the Future (BSF).
- 7. There was broad agreement that there should not be a greater focus on achievement and added value rather than an over-focus on educational attainment.
- 8. Advice to schools regarding Academy status would come from Government, and the role of the Local Authority was to support all schools regardless of their status, and continue to create the "collective family" of schools to ensure positive outcomes for all children.

The Chair thanked Councillor Heather Timms for her responses.

6. Post 16 Transport (including students aged 14-16 attending off site learning opportunities).

The Committee considered the report of the Strategic Director for Children, Young People and Families explaining the proposed changes to policies and increases in charges for Post 16 Transport in order to achieve target savings of £1.3 million over the next three years.

Jonathan Baker, Headteacher at Shipston High School and Chair of the Southern Area (Warwickshire) Association of Secondary Heads (SASH) thanked Members for being given the opportunity to address the Committee. He made the following points:

- a. He recognised the difficult job officers had to do and thanked them for speaking to SASH.
- b. There had been some discussion earlier about ensuring parity of provision, but the impact of the proposed charges would result in a lack of parity, particularly for students in places such as Shipston, where there were no education facilities for over 16 year-olds and any further education required travelling. This problem had been accentuated by Warwickshire's policy of promoting small, 11-16 high schools, which meant those students had to travel in order to access post-16 education.
- c. Shipston was one of two Warwickshire schools achieving 100% of young people in education, employment or training, but this would be threatened by the doubling of cost of tranposrt to parents over the next three years.
- d. The 14-16 provision was a successful programme which would be threatened by the cuts through a reduction in the number of students able to travel. A reduction in students would impact on providers being able to offer the number and variety of courses currently offered.
- e. It was felt by some that the cuts were a false economy, and any savings made in transport cuts could be less than the knock-on costs in terms of unemployment benefits etc.

f. It was recognised that the decision could not be overturned, but SASH welcomed the consultation, and urged Members to monitor the situation, particularly where students had no option but to travel to widen the scope of their education post 14 or to continue their education post 16.

During the discussion that followed, the following points were noted:

- 1. The School Links Service had been introduced in 2003 following a Best Value Review of Transport. The fleet of 11 dedicated school coaches undertook school transport runs and educationrelated transport such as trips to swimming pools, concerts, museums and country parks. This was however only a small part of the network operating across the County, and there were limitations within which the service had to operate. Kevin McGovern added that officers were being as creative as possible in looking for solutions, including options such as off peak travel.
- 2. Concern was expressed about the expected impact on education and achievement, particularly in rural areas, and the consequent impact on providers.
- 3. The consultation exercise would help to further develop policy, and the Portfolio Holder and C, YP&F Directorate were looking at how the impacts of the review could be mitigated, particularly in terms of rural areas.
- 4. It was crucial that the timing of the consultation and communication between stakeholders was properly managed.
- 5. There was currently no maximum distance specified in terms of travelling.
- 6. Members requested further information on:
 - the numbers of families, children and young people affected
 - geographical distances
 - what other authorities were doing.
- 7. It was acknowledged that all parties had vested interests in finding solutions, including schools and colleges, and the move for the Local Authority towards one as a broker of services would have to be as part of a more general transport issue.
- 8. In response to a query regarding the possibility of spreading the payments, Nick Williams stated that a number of options had been considered, but the proposed arrangements had been considered the only viable option. Geoff King added that increasing the administrative burden could have a counter effect on the savings.

Members:

(i) Noted the implications of the transport budget review and how the Local Authority, working with partners and stakeholders, was seeking to address the concerns. (ii) Agreed that a Task and Finish Group be set up as soon as possible to oversee and monitor the implications of the transport budget review, how it was affecting people and the impact on children and young people getting to school or college.

7. Forward Plan Items Relevant to the Work of this Committee

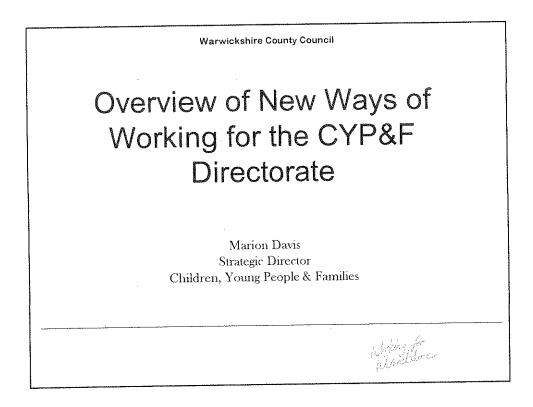
The Committee noted the Forward Plan Items.

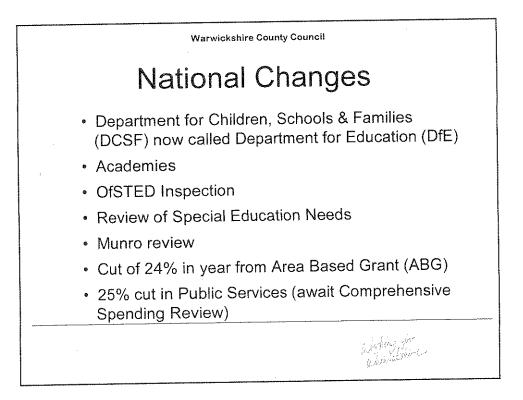
8. Any Other Items

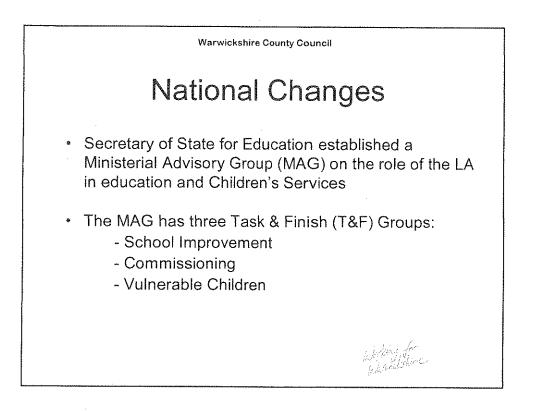
Councillor Carolyn Robbins thanked Councillor John Ross, on behalf of the Committee, for his work done as Chair.

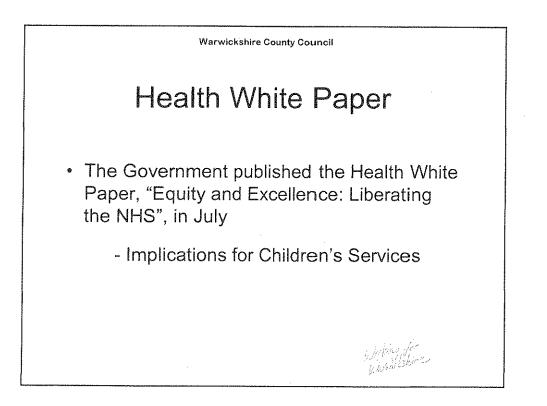
Chair

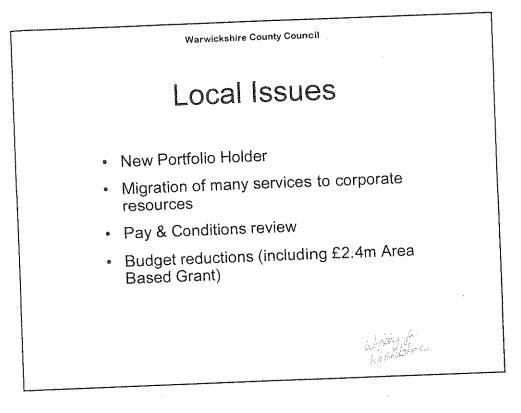
The Committee rose at 11:45 p.m.





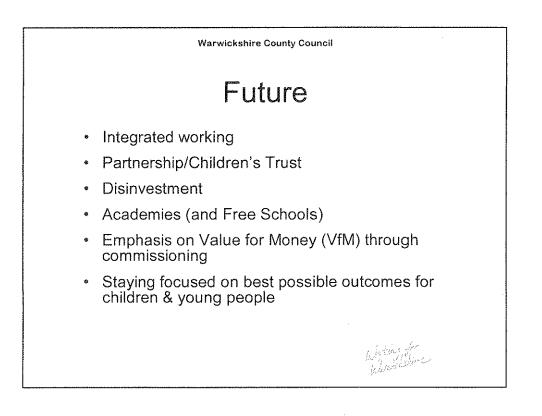








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AGENDA MANAGEMENT SHEET

Name of Committee Date of Committee		Children And Young People Overview And Scrutiny Committee			
		8th September 2010			
Report Title		Review of Permanent School Exclusions 2010			
Summary	A p sci Wa to me far	banel of members has recently completed a rutiny review of permanent school exclusions in arwickshire. The review was prompted by a desire understand why children are excluded, the echanisms that are in place to help them, their nilies and schools and the measures that are eded to reduce the number of exclusions further.			
For further information please contact:	Ov Of Te	Paul Williams Overview and Scrutiny Officer Tel: 01926 418196 paulwilliamscl@warwickshire.gov.uk No.			
Would the recommended decision be contrary to the Budget and Policy Framework?	-				
Background papers	No	None			
CONSULTATION ALREADY UNDERTAKEN:- Details to be specified					
Other Committees					
Local Member(s)	Χ	N/A			
Other Elected Members					
Cabinet Member	Χ	Councillor Heather Timms			
Chief Executive					
Legal	Χ	Victoria Gould			
Finance					
Other Strategic Directors	X	Strategic Director Children Young People and Families, Strategic Director Customers Workforce and Governance			



District Councils		
Health Authority		
Police		
Other Bodies/Individuals		
FINAL DECISION NO		
SUGGESTED NEXT STEPS:		Details to be specified
Further consideration by this Committee		
To Council		
To Cabinet		At date to be agreed
To an O & S Committee		
To an Area Committee		
Further Consultation		

Agenda No

Children and Young People Overview and Scrutiny Committee - 8th September 2010.

Review of Permanent School Exclusions 2010

Report of the Chair of Panel

Recommendation

That the Children and Young People Overview and Scrutiny Committee approves the recommendations of the School Exclusions Panel and passes them to Cabinet for consideration.

1.0 Introduction

- 1.1 Over the last few months a small panel of councillors has been working with officers, schools and other partners to undertake a scrutiny review of permanent school exclusions. The review, commissioned by the Overview and Scrutiny Board, was prompted by a growing concern over the causes and number of permanent school exclusions in Warwickshire. It should be said that compared to our statistical neighbours Warwickshire performs well with regard to exclusions. Nevertheless any permanent exclusion is to be regretted and for that reason it is important that we do all we can to improve behaviour and reduce the number of exclusions.
- 1.2 Appended to this covering document is the panel's report containing its findings, conclusions and recommendations. To assist the committee the recommendations are set out in section 2 below.
- 1.3 The committee is asked to agree these recommendations and pass the report to Cabinet.

2.0 Recommendations

2.1 General

1. That in the September of each year the Children and Young People's Overview and Scrutiny Committee is briefed on exclusion rates for the previous academic year.



- 2. Cabinet is asked to ensure that in agreeing its proposed budget for 2011/12 sufficient resources are allocated to the Early Intervention Service to maintain as a minimum the level of service currently provided.
- 3. That the Strategic Director of Children, Young People and Families takes every opportunity to remind school leaders that informal or unofficial exclusions are unlawful and therefore unacceptable.
- 4. That the emerging strategy for zero permanent exclusions by primary and secondary schools of children currently in the care of the County Council be supported.
- 5. That support be given to the creation of a single primary teaching and learning centre to serve the whole of Warwickshire.
- 6. That the primary cluster model be adopted across the county with agreement on early intervention protocols and processes.
- 7. That the Strategic Director of Children, Young People and Families encourages all secondary schools to develop in-house provision (learning support units) to ensure a full continuum of provision.

2.2 Support and Behaviour Management

- 8. That the Strategic Director for Children, Young People and Families audits schools to determine the arrangements they have in place to offer children, young people and their families opportunities to participate in Common Assessments under the CAF process in order to identify needs and facilitate early intervention that will support children and young people's placement in schools. A CAF should be offered as soon as the school identifies concerns that if not addressed would be likely to lead to exclusion and also as soon as attendance falls below 90%.
- 9. That the Strategic Director for Children, Young People and Families ensures that all schools be reminded that if a CAF is offered by the school and declined, the school should inform the area CAF Officer as per Warwickshire's CAF process.
- 10. That the Strategic Director for Children, Young People and Families works to encourage schools to ensure that all staff with specific pastoral responsibilities are trained to use the CAF process and are supported by Headteachers and governors to initiate Common Assessments and act as Lead Professional as appropriate.
- 11. That Cabinet make funds available in 2011/12 for an audit of training to be undertaken across all schools to establish whether they have sufficient staff trained in evidenced based behaviour management techniques. Where shortcomings are found schools should be encouraged to work in clusters and Area Behaviour and Attendance Partnerships to address them.



- 12. That the Strategic Director of Children, Young People and Families encourages all schools to ensure that at least one member of their staff is National Programme for Specialist Leaders in Behaviour and Attendance (NPSLBA) qualified.
- 13. That the Strategic Director for Children, Young People and Families ensures that all schools are briefed on the work of Team Teach and its strategies around positive handling.

2.3 Partnership Work

- 14. That the Area Leads of Teaching and Learning Centres and Head Teachers be encouraged to work together to support outreach work by Teaching and Learning Centre Staff and look for continuing exchange of good practice and other information between the two.
- 15. That those secondary schools that do not already accommodate a Police Community Support Officer be encouraged to give consideration as to how this might be done.
- 16. That where any new funds for initiatives concerning behaviour or attendance become available these be allocated to the Area Behaviour and Attendance Partnerships as opposed to being delegated to schools. Consideration should be given to the use of this money for the employment of mentors and other support to assist pupils to remain in mainstream education.
- 17. That in order to ensure greater consistency Area Behaviour and Attendance Partnerships be requested as part of their enhanced role to monitor schools' behaviour management and take action in instances when adequate policies do not exist or are not applied.

2.4 Future Work

- 18. That a small task and finish group be formed to explore the processes required to "statement" a pupil.
- 19. That a small task and finish group be formed to undertake a major indepth review of the education of looked after Children.
- 20. That consideration be given to an in-depth review of out of county provision for Warwickshire children.

COUNCILLOR CAROLYN ROBBINS Chair of Panel

Shire Hall Warwick

29 July 2010



Warwickshire County Council –

Review of Permanent School Exclusions 2010

Report of the Children, Young People and Families Overview and Scrutiny Committee

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Foreword by Councillor Carolyn Robbins, Chair of Panel



Permanent exclusion is a last resort that schools have on occasions to take. It is not something that is done lightly nor is it a course of action that can be welcomed or applauded. Nevertheless there are times when a school must acknowledge that a pupil's behaviour is such that the only solution is for it to work with partners to relocate them to another establishment.

Reflecting the national picture the number of permanent exclusions from Warwickshire secondary schools has declined in recent years. Given that fact the reader may be forgiven for wondering why we felt it necessary to give our attention to the matter. We have done so because we a) feel that any permanent exclusion is to be regretted and b) recognise that whilst early successes are to be welcomed it is the remaining children at threat of exclusion who present an even greater challenge and for whom even smarter strategies and approaches will be required. In addition to the above it needs to be recognised that permanent exclusions from primary schools have increased in recent times.

During the course of the review we have spoken to many people ranging from professionals with the council to Headteachers and pupils. As a result we have learned a great deal about the reasons behind exclusion, the mechanisms that can be employed to manage behaviour and the challenges faced by all parties.

We have come to appreciate the scale of the challenges facing the local authority and schools in managing behaviour. We soon recognised that we would not be able to explore in great detail every aspect of school life and we have had to conclude that whilst issues such as special education needs and the needs of looked after children require our attention it would not be possible to do that as part of this review.

Finally I should like to thank all those people who have supported this review. Without their assistance it would not have been possible.

1.0 Introduction

- 1.1 Permanent school exclusion is regarded by educationalists as very much a last resort. Before a pupil is permanently excluded it is expected that all possible avenues will have been explored with a view to keeping them in mainstream education. Over the last few years permanent exclusions from schools in the UK have shown a marked decline. This pattern has been reflected in Warwickshire where in 2008/09 there were 88 permanent exclusions from schools down from a peak of 146 in 2004/05. Nevertheless the figure of 88 means that on average there are approximately two permanent exclusions from schools in the county every week. In addition it has been noted that whilst the decline has been seen in secondary schools the number of permanent exclusions in primary schools has remained more or less static in recent years. These primary exclusions are small in number but it is concerning to think that any child of primary age should behave in such a way as to warrant exclusion.
- 1.2 In July 2009 the Children, Young People and Families Overview and Scrutiny Committee recognised the overall reduction in exclusions but at the same time acknowledged that ideally this figure should be zero. It decided that if the figure was to be reduced further it would be useful for members to understand more fully the reasons why young people are permanently excluded, the law behind school exclusion and mechanisms that schools and the local authority have in place to manage pupil behaviour. A small task and finish panel was established to explore the matter and this report and the recommendations contained therein are the result of the panel's work.
- 1.3 The reader should note that based on experience from other scrutiny reviews this report does not repeat in detail the evidence received by the panel. Rather it provides an outline of the process followed and the nature of the information considered before moving on to a summary of the the panel's findings and conclusions.
- 1.4 It is expected that this report will be considered by the Children, Young People and Families Overview and Scrutiny Committee before the recommendations are passed to Cabinet for approval and implementation.
- 1.5 Below you will find the panel's twenty recommendations.

General

- 1. That in the September of each year the Children and Young People's Overview and Scrutiny Committee is briefed on exclusion rates for the previous academic year.
- 2. Cabinet is asked to ensure that in agreeing its proposed budget for 2011/12 sufficient resources are allocated to the Early Intervention Service to maintain as a minimum the level of service currently provided.

- 3. That the Strategic Director of Children, Young People and Families takes every opportunity to remind school leaders that informal or unofficial exclusions are unlawful and therefore unacceptable.
- 4. That the emerging strategy for zero permanent exclusions by primary and secondary schools of children currently in the care of the County Council be supported.
- 5. That support be given to the creation of a single primary teaching and learning centre to serve the whole of Warwickshire.
- 6. That the primary cluster model be adopted across the county with agreement on early intervention protocols and processes.
- 7. That the Strategic Director of Children, Young People and Families encourages all secondary schools to develop in-house provision (learning support units) to ensure a full continuum of provision.

Support and Behaviour Management

- 8. That the Strategic Director for Children, Young People and Families audits schools to determine the arrangements they have in place to offer children, young people and their families opportunities to participate in Common Assessments under the CAF process in order to identify needs and facilitate early intervention that will support children and young people's placement in schools. A CAF should be offered as soon as the school identifies concerns that if not addressed would be likely to lead to exclusion and also as soon as attendance falls below 90%.
- 9. That the Strategic Director for Children, Young People and Families ensures that all schools be reminded that if a CAF is offered by the school and declined, the school should inform the area CAF Officer as per Warwickshire's CAF process.
- 10. That the Strategic Director for Children, Young People and Families works to encourage schools to ensure that all staff with specific pastoral responsibilities are trained to use the CAF process and are supported by Headteachers and governors to initiate Common Assessments and act as Lead Professional as appropriate.
- 11. That Cabinet make funds available in 2011/12 for an audit of training to be undertaken across all schools to establish whether they have sufficient staff trained in evidenced based behaviour management techniques. Where shortcomings are found schools should be encouraged to work in clusters and Area Behaviour and Attendance Partnerships to address them.
- 12. That the Strategic Director of Children, Young People and Families encourages all schools to ensure that at least one member of their staff is National Programme for Specialist Leaders in Behaviour and Attendance (NPSLBA) qualified.

13. That the Strategic Director for Children, Young People and Families ensures that all schools are briefed on the work of Team Teach and its strategies around positive handling.

Partnership Work

- 14. That the Area Leads of Teaching and Learning Centres and Head Teachers be encouraged to work together to support outreach work by Teaching and Learning Centre Staff and look for continuing exchange of good practice and other information between the two.
- 15. That those secondary schools that do not already accommodate a Police Community Support Officer be encouraged to give consideration as to how this might be done.
- 16. That where any new funds for initiatives concerning behaviour or attendance become available these be allocated to the Area Behaviour and Attendance Partnerships as opposed to being delegated to schools. Consideration should be given to the use of this money for the employment of mentors and other support to assist pupils to remain in mainstream education.
- 17. That in order to ensure greater consistency Area Behaviour and Attendance Partnerships be requested as part of their enhanced role to monitor schools' behaviour management and take action in instances when adequate policies do not exist or are not applied.

Future Work

- 18. That a small task and finish group be formed to explore the processes required to "statement" a pupil.
- 19. That a small task and finish group be formed to undertake a major in-depth review of the education of looked after Children.
- 20. That consideration be given to an in-depth review of out of county provision for Warwickshire children.

2.0 The Process Followed

- 2.1 Having agreed that this review needed to be undertaken the Children, Young People and Families Overview and Scrutiny Committee put the matter before the Overview and Scrutiny Board. At its September 2009 meeting the Board agreed that the review should be undertaken.
- 2.2 A panel was established comprising the following councillors.



- 2.3 Councillor Robbins was elected to the Chair.
- 2.4 The panel met for the first time in November 2009 and agreed the scope of the review. From this meeting the terms of reference were agreed (See Appendix A). Early on in the process it was acknowledged that the support and knowledge of professionals working in the field of behaviour management and school exclusions would be required. Whilst some officers were called on once to provide evidence others supported the review from beginning to end. These were:
 - Jane Rubidge Exclusions Officer
 - Viv Sales Principal Education Social Worker
 - Pat Tate Head of Early Intervention
- 2.5 As well as officers of the local authority the panel spoke to Headteachers from primary and secondary schools, Area Leads from Teaching and Learning Centres and young people who have been subject to permanent exclusion.
- 2.6 The panel looked at the following areas.
 - Permanent and fixed-term exclusion rates at the local and national level
 - Permanent exclusions by gender, location, age and reason (antisocial behaviour, low-level disruption, drug abuse etc).
 - National Guidance and Reports (eg the Steer Report and "Back on Track")
 - Unofficial (unlawful) exclusions

- The work of the Area Behaviour and Attendance Partnerships
- The work of the Teaching and Learning Centres (Including visits to two of the three centres)
- Benchmarking data from statistical neighbours around the country
- Examples of practices followed by other local authorities. (The panel was particularly interested in examples where exclusions were very low).
- Out of county placements.
- Special education needs and statementing
- Approaches to behaviour management including Assertive Discipline, Restorative, NPSLBA and Team Teach.
- The relationship between permanent exclusion and NEETs.
- 3.0 Findings, Conclusions and Recommendations
- 3.1 Having reviewed a considerable body of evidence the panel had to arrive at its conclusions and develop its recommendations. Each recommendation is based on the panel's findings and their conclusions. However, there are four overriding conclusions that the panel would wish to particularly emphasise. These are,

1. Early intervention is paramount if children's behaviour is to be managed effectively and later problems avoided.

2. The Common Assessment Framework is a powerful tool that needs to be used whenever it is required.

3. Communication and co-operation between schools, parents and carers, the local authority and Teaching and Learning Centres is essential.

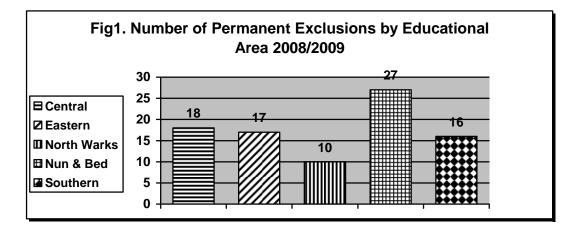
4. In making a broad assessment of permanent school exclusions it has become clear to the panel that there are a number of areas that can have a significant impact on pupils' behaviour and attainment that it has not had time to explore in depth. As a result it will be necessary to cite those areas for further work.

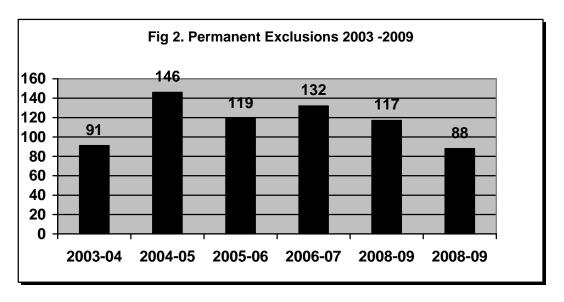
3.3 These overarching conclusions form the basis of the recommendations.

General

3.4 Finding 1

3.4.1 The panel examined in some detail the rates of both permanent and fixed-term exclusions across Warwickshire. Members found that permanent exclusions were highest in the Nuneaton and Bedworth Area whilst the central area had easily the lowest rates at 0.9% (See Fig 1). It was also realised that whilst permanent exclusion rates fluctuate significantly year on year there had in recent times been a reduction in them. (See Fig 2). This mirrors the national picture. As well as exploring the exclusion figures the panel looked at reasons for exclusion recognising that physical assaults against fellow pupils were the basis for most exclusions. These latter figures can be found in Appendix B of this report along with plenty of other statistics regarding exclusions in Warwickshire.





3.5 Conclusion 1

3.5.1 This review was prompted by interest in exclusion rates in Warwickshire. Of particular concern to the panel has been the recent levelling off of permanent exclusions from primary schools when a downward trend could have been expected. The main aim of this review has been to reduce permanent exclusions from primary and secondary schools. It will be important over the next few years for the appropriate overview and scrutiny committee to continue to monitor data on exclusions so that,

a) it can establish the effectiveness of the recommendations contained in this report and

b) if exclusions begin to rise significantly be in a position to react promptly to seek new ways to address the matter.

3.5.2 The panel does not consider that a formal report has to be prepared for the committee. A briefing note will suffice providing it is produced promptly and read and digested by all members of the committee.

Recommendation 1

That in the September of each year the Children, Young People and Families Overview and Scrutiny Committee is briefed on exclusion rates for the previous academic year.

3.6 Finding 2

- 3.6.1 During the course of this review the panel spoke to a range of professionals about the reasons behind exclusion and the ways in which exclusion can be avoided. One of the overriding messages that came from a range of sources was the need for early intervention. The panel was impressed by the work of the early intervention services provided in Warwickshire. One of these, the council's own Early Intervention Services or EIS,
 - Contributes to Warwickshire's SEN Policy and Processes and currently contributes to and supports the Behaviour Strategy.
 - Works in partnership with schools and other professionals supporting inclusion of vulnerable and disadvantaged children.
 - Secondary Area leads are core members of Area Behaviour Partnerships.
 - Supports managed moves, reintegration and personalisation packages for pupils identified through the Area Behaviour Partnerships.
 - EIS Learning mentors work through CAF to remove barriers to learning.
 - Delivers training for Warwickshire's Dyslexia Strategy, SENCO learning networks and LSU and NPSLBA networks.
 - Manages the early intervention restorative justice team
 - Can be purchased by Warwickshire schools for training and work in schools.

3.7 Conclusion 2

- 3.7.1 The panel is clear that if a pupil begins to demonstrate behaviours that are of concern to teachers (or other staff) or if it becomes known that a pupil is experiencing personal difficulties it is essential that these matters are addressed in a timely and appropriate fashion.
- 3.7.2 The panel is sensitive to the financial pressures currently being experienced by the County Council. It is aware that many budgets are being reduced and appreciates why this needs to be done. Nevertheless, the panel is of the opinion that early intervention services are a good example of "investing to save". As a result of this conclusion the panel believes that at a minimum the Cabinet should be called upon to safeguard funding for early intervention services so that they can maintain their current service.

Recommendation 2

Cabinet is asked to ensure that in agreeing its proposed budget for 2011/12 sufficient resources are allocated to early intervention services to maintain as a minimum the level of services currently provided.

3.8 Finding 3

- 3.8.1 The panel found out a considerable amount about the way in which some schools operate unofficial and therefore unlawful exclusions. There was no evidence of this being a widespread practice in Warwickshire but the suggestion has been that it may have happened in some schools. This may also occur when,
 - Following a fixed period exclusion, a pupil remains out of school awaiting a reintegration interview which may be indefinitely delayed and the pupil does not return to school.
 - Parents are advised that if their child returns to school after the fixed period exclusion ends, the child will be permanently excluded.
 - Parents are strongly encouraged to home educate even though they may not be aware of the responsibilities involved.
 - Disruptive pupils are asked to stay out of school for particular reasons eg for the duration of an OFSTED inspection; and
 - Pupils are placed on study leave for periods of time longer than recommended in guidance.
- 3.8.2 There are a number of ways in which unofficial exclusions can be identified and schools reminded that unofficial exclusions are illegal. These involve accurate record keeping, training and the development of effective policies and procedures.

3.9 Conclusion 3

3.9.1 Whilst the use by schools of Informal or unofficial school exclusions is of considerable interest to the panel it is frustrated to find that whilst such unlawful activities are acknowledged to happen there was little said or written about them. The panel concedes that almost inevitably no Headteacher is ever going to admit to excluding children unlawfully. However it concludes that there would be no harm in reminding Headteachers or school governors of the legal position regarding informal or unofficial exclusions.

Recommendation 3

That the Strategic Director of Children, Young People and Families takes every opportunity to remind school leaders that informal or unofficial exclusions are unlawful and therefore unacceptable.

3.10 Finding 4

- 3.10.1 During the review panel members were fortunate to be able to visit two Teaching and Learning Centres. One of the key findings from these visits was that a significant number of the pupils there were in foster care. (See Appendix B for the number of looked after children excluded). Talking to the Area Leads the panel discovered that in some instances these young people for whom life can be quite chaotic may have benefitted had they not been excluded. Schools have the potential to provide one of the few constants in a young person's life and whilst the Teaching and Learning Centres provide a tailored learning environment they cannot provide the same atmosphere or social opportunities as a mainstream school.
- 3.10.2 Warwickshire County Council is currently developing a strategy aimed at ensuring that no looked after children are permanently excluded from school.

3.11 Conclusion 4

- 3.11.1 Members have concluded that given the challenges already facing these young people every effort should be made to ensure that they can remain in one of the few consistent environments they know; their school.
- 3.11.2 Members welcome the development of a strategy to help ensure that no looked after children at primary or secondary schools should be permanently excluded. It wishes to support that emerging strategy.

Recommendation 4

That the emerging strategy for zero permanent exclusions by primary and secondary schools of children currently in the care of the County Council be supported.

3.12 Finding 5

- 3.12.1 When visiting the Teaching and Learning Centres (TLCs) panel members were able to obtain from staff and pupils a good appreciation of what these facilities have to offer. The focus of the TLCs is understandably on secondary school pupils. However, as has been noted earlier there are a number of pupils of primary age who need to be accommodated in the education system but who have been permanently excluded from their schools. Where managed moves or other initiatives have failed to resolve matters those pupils find themselves in the TLCs. The two TLCs visited had dedicated classrooms but re-integrating young children into school was hampered by such an inappropriate environment.
- 3.12.2 The development of a single bespoke unit solely for children of primary age has been identified as a priority.

3.13 Conclusion 5

- 3.13.1 The panel was particularly impressed by the work being undertaken daily in Teaching and Learning Centres. The professionalism of the staff and the relationship they develop with the pupils left a lasting impression. The panel feels that the co-location of primary and secondary age children in Teaching and Learning Centres is unacceptable and that specific provision should be made for primary age children thus allowing their particular needs to be addressed.
- 3.13.2 Again the panel is aware of the financial constraints currently being placed on the council but it feels that by addressing problems early in a child's life later ones can be avoided.

Recommendation 5

That support be given to the creation of a single primary teaching and learning centre to serve the whole of Warwickshire.

3.14 Finding 6

- 3.14.1 During one of its meetings the panel learned a small amount about the operation of clusters of schools with Warwickshire. Cluster arrangements are based on geographical areas and where they have been implemented they may comprise for example all the schools in a town such as Kenilworth. Some clusters operate more effectively than others. They can involve schools co-operating on training, the sharing of resources, sharing of teachers, enhanced communication and shared protocols.
- 3.14.2 One area where clusters can have a positive impact is pupil management. Not only can pupil moves be managed more effectively but also agreement on protocols and procedures means that there is a common understanding by parents, pupils and the schools on what is expected of them.

3.14.3 Across Warwickshire cluster arrangements are patchy. Some are working well whilst others are proving slow to gain momentum.

3.15 Conclusion 6

- 3.15.1 The panel is clear that whilst there is a clear logic to the development of clusters at both primary and secondary level the inconsistent pace of development across Warwickshire is regrettable.
- 3.15.2 The panel recognises that it has not had the opportunity during this review to study school clusters in depth. It does however consider that it has sufficient understanding of the merit of clustering in terms of pupil management to recommend their extension particularly in the primary sector.

Recommendation 6

That the primary cluster model be adopted across the county with agreement on early intervention protocols and processes.

3.16 Finding 7

- 3.16.1 Secondary schools have a certain amount of discretion regarding how they manage their more challenging pupils. Some have invested in inhouse provision through the development of Learning Support Units (LSUs) whilst others prefer to manage all pupils solely within the classroom. LSUs provide short-term teaching and support programmes tailored to the needs of pupils who need help in improving their behaviour, attendance or attitude to learning. Their aim is to keep pupils in school and working while their problems are addressed, and to help to reintegrate them back into mainstream classes as quickly as possible.
- 3.16.2 The panel has learned that when LSUs provide a curriculum and tuition which meets individual needs, combined with close attention to preventing and controlling outbursts, they make an effective contribution to ensuring that pupils succeed in mainstream lessons. Pupils who spend time in LSUs often feel better understood and supported, and as a result become less anxious, less volatile and less prone to being riled by others.
- 3.16.3 All schools in Warwickshire are facing a period where increasing pressures have to be met with a reducing income stream. The challenge for Headteachers and governors is to meet all the competing priorities. One example provided to the panel is where funds for pupils for who English is an additional language (EAL) need to be found from within existing budgets. The more money spent on EAL pupils the less there is to spend on other areas.

3.17 Conclusion 7

- 3.17.1 Throughout the course of the review the panel has been surprised at the range of approaches adopted by secondary schools in Warwickshire regarding the way they manage their more challenging students.
- 3.17.2 If permanent exclusions are to be reduced further it is important for all schools to recognise the need to invest adequately in the support mechanisms required by some of their pupils. Whilst it is acknowledged that the majority of LSUs in the UK are in inner-city areas the panel regards them as a safety mechanism to be used to avoid permanent exclusion and provide a continuance of education that many challenging pupils need.
- 3.17.3 The panel understands that the local authority cannot insist on schools establishing LSUs but it does feel that they should be encouraged to consider their establishment in appropriate circumstances.

Recommendation 7

That the Strategic Director of Children, Young People and Families encourages all secondary schools to develop in-house provision (learning support units) to ensure a full continuum of provision.

3.18 Finding 8

- 3.18.1 The panel has learned a considerable amount about the Common Assessment Framework (CAF). It has been informed of the background to this initiative (Victoria Climbié, Lord Laming, Every Child Matters (2003)) and of the County Council's response through the development of its Early Intervention Network (EIN).
- 3.18.2 Warwickshire now has fully operational EINs in all five of its districts/boroughs and each district has a multi-agency EIN Strategic Group in place. This is in turn linked to the Area Children's Partnerships. Over 1350 common assessments have been undertaken and almost 3000 practitioners have been trained in the use of CAF.
- 3.18.3 Nationally and locally there are many examples where early use of the CAF has enabled various agencies to work together to assist young people and their families out of various crises. Most schools have embraced CAF ensuring that they have at least one staff member who is trained in its use. These schools appear aware of the benefits CAF can bring and use it when appropriate. Some schools however, have not engaged with CAF and do not use it.
- 3.18.4 Whether a CAF is initiated or not is largely down to an individual's judgement. This subjective element can mean that a child or family might miss out on the support they require.

Support and Behaviour Management

3.19 Conclusion 8

- 3.19.1 Whilst it was pleased to learn of examples both locally and nationally where CAF has been used effectively the panel was disappointed to hear of instances where schools have, for whatever reason, failed to recognise its usefulness. It is acknowledged that a CAF interview can be time consuming but the panel feels that this time invested early on can deliver dividends later as organisations and families work together to seek a resolution to a problem or problems.
- 3.19.2 Again the panel wishes to emphasise the need for early intervention. CAF is one way in which this can be achieved.
- 3.19.3 In order for the local authority to achieve a clearer appreciation of the adoption of CAF by schools the panel feels that all schools should be audited. Where schools are found to be resistant to the use of CAF then the reasons behind that resistance should be explored with them.
- 3.19.4 One concern for the panel is that the decision to implement a CAF is in many instances down to subjective judgement. It is considered that a more objective threshold is also required. To this end anything less that 90% attendance at school should be regarded as a trigger.

Recommendation 8

That the Strategic Director for Children, Young People and Families audits schools to determine the arrangements they have in place to offer children, young people and their families opportunities to participate in Common Assessments under the CAF process in order to identify needs and facilitate early intervention that will support children and young people's placement in schools. A CAF should be offered as soon as the school identifies concerns that - if not addressed - would be likely to lead to exclusion and also as soon as attendance falls below 90%.

3.20 Finding 9

- 3.20.1 CAF in Warwickshire is overseen by the CAF Manager. He and his team have developed a series of protocols and processes that should be used whenever a CAF is offered and undertaken. If these processes are not followed the effectiveness of CAF cannot be monitored. At the same time (and bearing in mind that CAFs are undertaken by people on a voluntary basis) there may be vulnerable people who having refused a CAF will continue to be at risk missing out on the support they need.
- 3.20.2 The panel has learned that instances have been identified where a school or other institution has offered a CAF, this has been refused but the school has failed to notify the CAF team of this.

3.21 Conclusion 9

3.21.1 The pivotal role of the Common Assessment Framework Manager and the team of area CAF Officers is recognised by all members of the panel. If that team is to continue to develop CAF ensuring that it is used to the maximum effect it is important that they are kept fully aware of all activities around CAF. The panel was disappointed to learn of the instances where schools have failed to notify the CAF team of a refused CAF. As this is contrary to the agreed process and indeed to commonsense the panel wishes to ensure that all schools are reminded of their responsibility regarding this notification.

Recommendation 9

That the Strategic Director for Children, Young People and Families ensures that all schools be reminded that if a CAF is offered by the school and declined, the school should inform the area CAF Officer as per Warwickshire's CAF process.

3.22 Finding 10

- 3.22.1 In learning of the challenges facing CAF the panel discovered that most but not all schools have a CAF trained staff member. In most instances that person will be a member of staff who has pastoral responsibility within a school. In some schools this may be the Headteacher.
- 3.22.2 Not all schools have a CAF trained staff member. This means that they cannot undertake a CAF.

3.23 Conclusion 10

3.23.1 The panel considers that at least one person in each school should be trained in the use of CAF. In large primary schools and those serving areas of high social need, it is essential that more than one officer is trained and in a position to initiate a CAF. Secondary schools will require several CAF trained members of staff. Headteachers and Governors need not only to support the CAF process but also be seen to support it.

Recommendation 10

That the Strategic Director for Children, Young People and Families works to encourage schools to ensure that all staff with specific pastoral responsibilities are trained to use the CAF process and are supported by Headteachers and governors to initiate Common Assessments and act as Lead Professional as appropriate.

3.24 Finding 11

- 3.24.1 Assertive Discipline (AD) is a technique that has been found to be very successful especially in primary schools. AD empowers teachers because it provides them with a clear system. Essentially AD is about reinforcing good behaviour whilst ignoring poor behaviour. Children respond well if they know the boundaries in which they must operate. These need to be consistent and applied all the time. Teachers can operate a hierarchy of consequences for poor behaviour. This takes the form of small incremental steps that the child will understand. The child can then make a choice as to whether they will escalate their poor behaviour and experience the consequences. It is important that threatened sanctions are realised.
- 3.24.2 It has been found that there is not enough praise for good behaviour. Often poor behaviour attracts attention and whilst the child may be punished they still receive the attention they might be seeking. A good teacher should be able to teach a class without telling anybody off.
- 3.24.3 As well as Assertive Discipline schools can use the "Team Teach" approach. Team Teach provides staff with
 - Verbal and non-verbal strategies to diffuse, de-escalate and manage difficult situations.
 - An understanding of the causes and signs of aggression and conflict.
 - An understanding of the typical stages of a crisis and appropriate staff responses.
 - An appreciation of the importance of recording and reporting, including risk assessment and positive handling plans.
 - Information on the legal aspects related to managing challenging children and young people.
 - A range of appropriate positive handling techniques to ensure personal safety.
 - A process of repair and reflection for staff, children and young people.
 - 3.24.4 Restorative approaches used across the whole school have been found to reduce exclusions.
 - When harm is caused either between teachers and a pupil or between pupils this approach focuses on repairing the harm done for the person harmed.
 - The approach develops empathy in the person who harmed and ensures learning takes place.
 - It has a proven evidence base for preventing future harmful behaviour over more punitive approaches.
- 3.24.5 Despite being well established approaches not all schools are aware or have chosen to learn about the principles of assertive discipline or the ideas promoted by Team Teach. Restorative approaches are relatively

new but one way in which their use can be encouraged is through school clusters and the emerging Area Behaviour Partnerships.

3.25 Conclusion 11

3.25.1 The panel feels it is regrettable that, for a number of reasons, these principles have not been universally adopted. One way in which good practice can be disseminated and support provided is through clusters and the Area Behaviour Partnerships. The panel feels therefore that more should be done to encourage all schools to form clusters and to provide mutual support on this approach.

Recommendation 11

That Cabinet make funds available in 2011/12 for an audit of training to be undertaken across all schools to establish whether they have sufficient staff trained in evidenced based behaviour management techniques. Where shortcomings are found schools should be encouraged to work in clusters and Area Behaviour and Attendance Partnerships to address them.

3.26 Finding 12

- 3.26.1 The panel was briefed on the National Programme for Specialist Leaders of Behaviour and Attendance (NPSLBA). This is an active learning programme, developed by the DCSF for all professionals working in the field. Since its introduction NPSLBA has proved to be a catalyst for change. Organisations which sponsor staff to undertake the programme will join a growing number of involved schools and related services.
- 3.26.2 The NPSLBA is based on a model of effective learning that follows five stages:
 - 1. acquisition of knowledge
 - 2. modelling of good practice
 - 3. practice application
 - 4. feedback and reflection
 - 5. embedding the experience.
- 3.26.3 This provides participants with a rich learning experience and also equips them to work effectively with colleagues to influence working practice. This in turn leads to improved outcomes for children and young people. A key feature of the programme is the emphasis on exploring the relationship between theory, considered in study days and cluster sessions, and practice, carried out in the work-based activities. This process has proved to be a significant factor in driving change.

3.27 Conclusion 12

3.27.1 The panel acknowledges that it would be unreasonable to call for all teachers to be NPSLBA qualified. However it does feel that every Secondary school and every Primary cluster should aspire to have at least one teacher who is qualified and who can pass on their knowledge to colleagues.

Recommendation 12

That the Strategic Director of Children, Young People and Families encourages all schools to ensure that every Secondary school and every Primary cluster at least one member of their staff is National Programme for Specialist Leaders in Behaviour and Attendance (NPSLBA) qualified.

3.28 Finding 13

- 3.28.1 Allied to Recommendation 12 the panel learned of the benefits of "positive handling" as advocated and taught by Team Teach. Team Teach is a private company that advocates positive handling as a means of behaviour management. The learning objectives of the courses it provides are that at the end of a course participants will be able to,
 - recognise the importance of and use de-escalation techniques and work as a part of a team when managing challenging behaviours.
 - apply an understanding of the legal implications of positively handling
 - use a gradual and graded response to managing challenging behaviours and the use of positive handling as a last resort option by applying an increased awareness of the need for documentation for the recording and reporting of incidents.
 - use active listening skills and participating in a process of debriefing, repair and reflection.
- 3.28.2 Whilst the merits of this training are widely acknowledged not all schools have elected to pay for staff to receive it.

3.29 Conclusion 13

3.29.1 The panel considers that whilst not all schools will see the Team Teach approach as appropriate for their own set of circumstances they ought at the very least to be briefed on how positive handling can be used to maintain discipline in the classroom thus reducing the risk of exclusion.

Recommendation 13

That the Strategic Director for Children, Young People and Families ensures that all schools are briefed on the work of Team Teach and its strategies around positive handling.

Partnership Work

3.30 Finding 14

3.30.1 On their visits to the Teaching and Learning Centres at Rugby and Learnington the panel members were able to speak to at length to the Area Leads (the equivalent of Headteachers who manage the centres). The Area leads observed that whilst they and their staff communicated readily with schools there was very little interaction between teaching staff from them. The panel learned that many TLC staff have taught in that area for many years without visiting or having the chance to teach or share their experience of pupil management in a mainstream school. Conversely there was a feeling that some staff from mainstream schools might benefit from some direct experience of a TLC. Both forms of institution have much to offer the other but the opportunity to share this knowledge is rarely taken. TLCs and secondary schools find that the summer terms are quieter when year 11s have left for study leave. This may be the time in the academic year when exchanges could be made.

3.31 Conclusion 14

3.31.1 The panel has been impressed by the professionalism of the Area Leads and Headteachers they met. It is clear that the Area Leads and the Headteachers are keen to see pupil behaviour improved to the extent that permanent exclusions become a thing of the past. The panel however feels that it is regrettable that whilst there is inevitably communication between schools and Teaching and Learning Centres the opportunities for staff from TLCs to operate in schools (or vice versa) are limited. It considers that this is a missed opportunity. TLC staff have experience and knowledge that in appropriate circumstances could be applied in a mainstream school. This may well serve to head off pupil behaviours that may be leading towards exclusion. At the same time the TLC staff would have an opportunity to refresh their experience of mainstream school whilst drawing on the knowledge and experience of the teachers there.

Recommendation 14

That the Area Leads of Teaching and Learning Centres and Head Teachers be encouraged to work together to support outreach work by Teaching and Learning Centre Staff and look for continuing exchange of good practice and other information between the two.

3.32 Finding 15

- 3.32.1 A number of secondary schools have received funding through the Safer Schools Partnership The aims and objectives of the Warwickshire Safer Schools Partnership Programme are primarily to implement and coordinate a multi-agency Safer Schools Partnership Programme. The Programme is an approach to reducing crime and anti-social behaviour in schools and the wider community and involves having a Police Community Support Officer based within a school, focused on early intervention and prevention, working with young people to build relationships in a safer environment.
- 3.32.2 The six objectives of the programme are to:
 - 1) Protect children and young people from harm.
 - 2) Reduce youth crime and anti-social behaviour.

3) Prevent young children and young people from becoming victims.

4) Ensure the diverse needs of our community are met.

- 5) Support a safer school environment.
- 6) Ensure suitably trained staff across all agencies.
- 3.32.3 The initial approach was to target schools that would see the most benefit and a methodology was agreed by the Partnership to help identify these schools. The schools chosen for the initial pilot stage were:
 - Hartshill School (North Warwickshire)
 - Manor Park School (Nuneaton & Bedworth)
 - George Eliot School (Nuneaton & Bedworth)
 - Harris School (Rugby)
 - Shipston High School (Stratford)
 - Campion School (Warwick)
- 3.32.4 These schools reported a significant reduction in anti-social behaviour and a general improvement in behaviour. There are many other secondary schools in Warwickshire that are not part of this scheme. Under the current arrangements if they were to accommodate a CPSO they would have to fund it themselves. It is estimated that this would cost in the region of £40,000 per annum.

3.33 Conclusion 15

3.33.1 The panel is mindful of issues around the funding of PCSOs but at the same time considers that given the benefits that PCSOs bring it might be appropriate for some schools to identify resources out of their budget to support an officer on site.

Recommendation 15

That those secondary schools that do not already accommodate a Police Community Support Officer be encouraged to give consideration as to how this might be done.

3.34 Finding 16

- 3.34.1 Over time the Department for Children, Schools and Families (now the Department for Education) has provided funding for schools to pursue initiatives around behaviour management. For example in 2009 the Behaviour Challenge was launched in a number of local authority areas. Generally when these resources are released by government they are directed at schools. It is then left to the school to determine the detail of how they are used.
- 3.34.2 From September 2010 the Area Behaviour and Attendance Partnerships will have an enhanced role ensuring greater collaboration between schools. The DCSF guidance on Guidance on school behaviour and attendance Partnerships March 2010 sets out the key principals of the partnerships as:
 - active engagement of all partners;
 - inclusion of the local pupil referral unit/short stay school and other major
 - providers of alternative provision;
 - engagement with primary schools and further education;
 - engagement of at least one Safer School Partnership officer, assuming that
 - local police make this resource available;
 - engagement with extended services;
 - clear protocols for managed moves and 'hard to place' pupils;
 - a focus on early intervention;
 - use of pooled resources to enable buy-in of specialist support;
 - transparent use of data; and
 - a staff training programme.

3.34.3 These partnership comprise secondary Headteachers. In Warwickshire they work well although they do tend to operate on rigid boundaries. They have the potential to have an overview of behaviour management across an area as opposed to considering it in isolation. They also have the potential to collaboratively work to put in place arrangements for initiatives aimed at improving behaviour. In order to do this they need pooled resources that can be focused on where the greatest need is.

3.35 Conclusion 16

3.35.1 Although it is appreciated that funding for some aspects of education is being reduced significantly by the government the panel expects that some will continue to be made available to support work aimed at managing behaviour and reducing permanent exclusion. The panel considers that in recognition of the role of the Area Behaviour and Attendance Partnerships any such funds that come to Warwickshire should be allocated to them rather than directly to schools. This would ensure that the funds are used in the most appropriate fashion taking account of the needs of an area. 3.35.2 On area of support that the panel considers would merit resourcing is the employment of early intervention officers to mentor and support young people at risk of exclusion whilst they remain in mainstream education.

Recommendation 16

That where any new funds for initiatives concerning behaviour or attendance become available these be allocated to the Area Behaviour and Attendance Partnerships as opposed to being delegated to schools. Consideration should be given to the use of this money for the employment of mentors and other support to assist pupils to remain in mainstream education.

3.36 Finding 17

3.36.1 There is now an expectation that the Area Behaviour and Attendance Partnerships will work to ensure greater consistency of approach to behaviour management.

3.37 Conclusion 17

3.37.1 The panel is keen that the Area Behaviour and Attendance Partnerships work to ensure a degree of consistency between schools both in terms of their polices and the way in which these are applied. Where schools are found not to be operating behaviour management polices effectively the partnerships need to be working to address this.

Recommendation 17

That in order to ensure greater consistency Area Behaviour and Attendance Partnerships be requested as part of their enhanced role to monitor schools' behaviour management and take action in instances when adequate policies do not exist or are not applied.

3.38 Finding/Conclusion 18

3.38.1 The panel learned enough about "Statementing" of special education needs to be concerned about the length of time this can take. However, it is clear that whilst special education requirements can have an impact on school exclusions it has not been possible for this review to explore in depth the Statementing process. The panel feels, however, that more work is required around this area. It therefore considers that a task and finish group should be established to look at the matter and report back to the relevant Overview and Scrutiny Committee.

Recommendation 18

That a small task and finish group be formed to explore the processes required to "statement" a pupil.

3.39 Finding/Conclusion 19

3.39.1 Recommendation 4 refers to exclusions amongst looked after children. Just as with children with special education needs the panel did not feel it was able to explore <u>every</u> aspect of the specific challenges facing looked after children. It is however aware that many looked after children perform poorly at school. This and the high levels of exclusion merit further investigation.

Recommendation 19

That a small task and finish group be formed to undertake a major in-depth review of the education of looked after Children.

3.40 Finding/Conclusion 20

3.40.1 The panel was able to briefly consider out of county provision for permanently excluded children from Warwickshire. It did however learn of instances where pupils have to travel many tens of miles to access the services they require. This was enough to stimulate the panel's interest but as with other aspects of this review the members did not feel that they would be able to do justice to this important area of work in the time available to them. This was regrettable but recognising the time and resource constraints imposed on it the panel felt that it would need to recommend that a separate study be undertaken.

Recommendation 20

That consideration be given to an in-depth review of out of county provision for Warwickshire children.

Warwickshire County Council Children, Young people and Families Overview and Scrutiny Committee

Review of School Exclusions Draft Terms of Reference

November 2009

Background/Rationale behind Review

This review is one of a series agreed by the Overview and Scrutiny Board in September 2009. It was considered a priority over other suggested topics for a number of reasons.

- Exclusion rates in Warwickshire are high compared to those of our statistical neighbours.
- Permanent exclusion rates in primary schools have increased markedly over the last year whilst over the same period secondary school exclusions have decreased significantly (down 30%).
- The 2008 Joint Area Assessment identified these high exclusion rates as a cause for concern.
- The Children and Young Peoples Plan has identified the need to reduce the number of permanent exclusions as a priority.
- School exclusion is a serious event and is very much a last resort. As such the rate of exclusions needs to be reduced.
- High rates of exclusion are indicative of more deep-rooted problems that will need addressing.
- Children who are permanently excluded are often vulnerable and may require special attention.

Objectives of Review

- 1. To enable officers, members and schools to develop a clearer understanding of the following aspects of school exclusion
 - Why children are excluded form school.
 - The impact of school exclusion on children, families, schools and communities
 - Current initiatives being operated within and across schools to manage pupil behaviour
 - The processes that schools need to follow leading to exclusion
 - The national situation regarding school exclusions including examples of good practice

2. To develop a series of recommendations with the intention of

• reducing the incidence of school exclusions across Warwickshire.

 assisting vulnerable young people in getting back on track. ensuring that processes are robust and are used consistently between schools across Warwickshire
Scope of the Review
The review will address
 Permanent exclusions from Primary schools Permanent exclusions from Secondary schools Children not in school (but not excluded)
The review will not consider exclusions from
Special Schools
The review will focus on
 Initiatives aimed at early intervention Legal processes Informal processes Good and bad practice across the country National trends Behaviour Challenge/Behaviour partnerships The Safer Schools Initiative Restorative approaches The Common Assessment Framework Transition arrangements The influence of ethnicity The influence of gender Special Education Need
Evidence Sources
 Published data (local and national) relating to school exclusions Examination of reports, guidance and legislation including, White Paper – Back on Track The Sir Alan Steer Report – 2009 DCSF Guidance
Witness/Experts
 Viv Sales – Principal Education Social Worker Pat Tate – Head of Early Intervention Adrian Over – Common Assessment Framework Manager Representatives from schools (Heads/Teachers/Governors) Chairs of Behaviour Partnerships Young people via youth forum/youth service

Site Visits

- Possible visits to schools
- Possible visit to other local authority areas

Barriers/dangers/risks

- Failure to appreciate complexity of issue
- Failure to accept that the system can be manipulated by all parties involved
- Raising expectations too high
- Going off at a tangent
- Recommendations not SMART.
- Failure to make business case for shift of resources

Panel Membership

Councillor Carolyn Robbins – Chair of Panel Councillor Ron Cockings Councillor Robin Hazelton Councillor Tim Naylor

Scrutiny Officer Report

Paul Williams - Overview and Scrutiny Officer - 01926 418196

Timetable

- Start date 16.11.09
- Draft report deadline end of April 2010
- Project completion date (Report to OSC) 23rd June 2010
- Meeting frequency 4 meetings
- Date to evaluate impact 2 years to allow for full implementation
- Methods of tracking/evaluating see indicators of success

COUNTY ANALYSIS OF EXCLUSIONS

Please note:

Fixed Term includes Permanent - Reinstated

These figures are based on the data as provided by schools via the Online Exclusions System

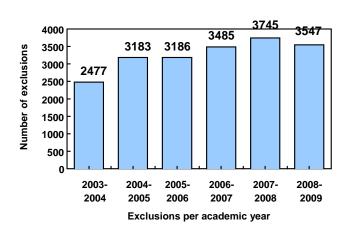
All exclusions for the PRU are now represented within the Central/Warwick Area as that is where the PRU's main administrative base is. Previously the PRU's data was included in the Eastern/Rugby Area as that was where their main base was originally located.

1. Number of Exclusions 2002/2003 to 2008/2009

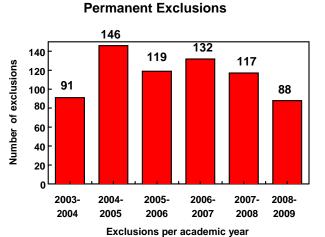
EXCLUSION	2002-	2003-	2004-	2005-	2006-	2007-	2008-
TYPE	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
FIXED	2065	2477	3183	3186	3485	3745	3547
PERMANENT	65	91	146	119	132	117	88
TOTAL	2130	2568	3329	3305	3617	3862	3635

2a. FIXED TERM EXCLUSIONS 2003/4-2008/

Fixed Exclusions







Source: Online School Exclusions system - completed by all Schools 22/10/2009

Produced by the Exclusions Team

3. Number of FIXED term exclusions by Educational Area 2002/2003 to 2008/2009

	CENTRAL	SOUTHERN	NORTH WARWICKSHIRE	NUNEATON AND BEDWORTH	SOUTHERN	Total for Warwickshire
2002-2003	437	588	150	547	343	2065
2003-2004	635	571	213	662	396	2477
2004-2005	825	638	263	925	532	3183
2005-2006	719	710	306	959	492	3186
2006-2007	685	866	291	1010	621	3473
2007-2008	802	815	294	1282	552	3745
2008-2009	1007	594	264	1075	607	3547

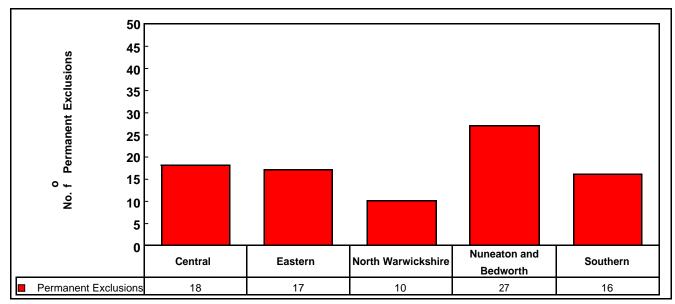
4. Number of FIXED term exclusions by Educational Area 2008 - 2009

	CENTRAL	SOUTHERN	NORTH WARWICKSHIRE	NUNEATON AND BEDWORTH	SOUTHERN	Total for Warwickshire
2008-2009	1007	594	264	1075	607	3547

5. Number of PERMANENT exclusions by Educational Area 2002/2003 to 2008/2009

	Central	Eastern	North	Nuneaton and	Southern	Total for
			Warwickshire	Bedworth		Warwickshire
2002-2003	14	8	7	24	12	65
2003-2004	20	24	4	28	15	91
2004-2005	32	27	12	54	21	146
2005-2006	33	31	12	28	15	119
2006-2007	30	27	14	47	14	132
2007-2008	24	22	11	52	8	117
2008-2009	18	17	10	27	16	88

6. Number of PERMANENT exclusions by Educational Area 2008/2009



7. Number of PERMANENT exclusions as a % of the school population* by Area 2002/3-2008/9

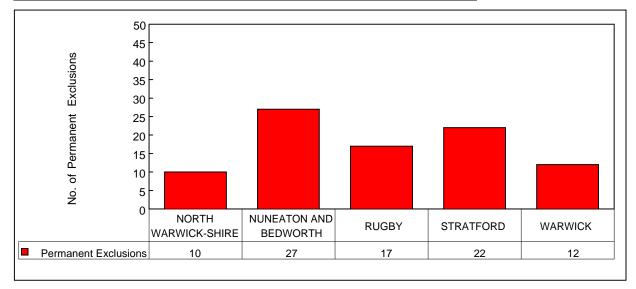
	CENTRAL	EASTERN	NORTH WARWICKSHIRE	NUNEATON AND BEDWORTH	SOUTHERN
2002-2003	0.07%	0.06%	0.09%	0.11%	0.08%
2003-2004	0.10%	0.17%	0.05%	0.13%	0.10%
2004-2005	0.17%	0.19%	0.15%	0.25%	0.14%
2005-2006	0.16%	0.22%	0.15%	0.13%	0.10%
2006-2007	0.16%	0.19%	0.18%	0.23%	0.09%
2007-2008	0.13%	0.15%	0.11%	0.29%	0.05%
2008-2009	0.09%	0.12%	0.10%	0.15%	0.11%

* school population refers to the number of pupils on roll at all schools as at the date of the January Spring School Census for that academic year

	NORTH WARWICK- SHIRE	NUNEATON AND BEDWORTH	RUGBY	STRATFORD	WARWICK	TOTAL for Warwick- shire
2002-2003	9	22	9	16	9	65
2003-2004	8	24	24	18	17	91
2004-2005	22	44	27	21	32	146
2005-2006	18	22	31	19	29	119
2006-2007	21	40	27	16	28	132
2007-2008	13	50	22	10	22	117
2008-2009	10	27	17	22	12	88

8. Number of PERMANENT exclusions by District 2002/3-2008/9

8a. Number of PERMANENT exclusions by District 2008-2009



Source: Online School Exclusions system - completed by all Schools 22/10/200 Produced by the Exclusions Team

9. Exclusions by Phase of School 2003/4-2008/9

YEAR	2004	-2005	200	5-2006	2006	6-2007	2007	7-2008	2008-2009		
TYPE	PRIMARY / SPECIAL	SECONDARY /SPECIAL	PRIMARY / SPECIAL	SECONDARY /SPECIAL	PRIMARY / SECONDARY SPECIAL /SPECIAL		PRIMARY / SECONDARY SPECIAL /SPECIAL		PRIMARY / SPECIAL	SECONDARY /SPECIAL	
FIXED	354	2829	358	2825	428	2911	436	3285	465	3081	
PERMANENT	15	131	14	105	17	115	12 105		14	74	
TOTAL	369	2960	372	2930	445	3026	448 3390		479	3155	

NB: This is based on National Curriculum Year

10. Gender of Excluded Pupils 2003/4-2008/9

YEAR	2004-	-2005	200	5-2006	2006	6-2007	2007	-2008	2008-2009		
TYPE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	FEMALE MALE		MALE	FEMALE MALE		FEMALE	MALE	
FIXED	724	2459	745	2441	760	2713	849	2888	710	2837	
PERMANENT	27	119	23	96	27	105	21	96	17	71	
TOTAL	751	2578	768	2537	787	2818	870	2984	727	2908	
% Fixed	96%	95%	97%	96%	97%	96%	98%	97%	98%	98%	
% Permanent	4%	5%	3%	4%	3%	4%	2%	3%	2%	2%	

Source: Online School Exclusions system - completed by all Schools 22/10/200 Produced by the Exclusions Team

11. Ethnicity of excluded pupils 2008-2009

ETHNICITY	FIXED	PERMANENT	TOTAL	% OF ALL EXCLUDED
Any Other Asian Background	6	0	6	0.2%
Any Other Black Background	5	0	5	0.1%
Any Other Ethnic Group	8	0	8	0.2%
Any Other Mixed Background	27	0	27	0.8%
Any Other White Background	35	1	36	1.0%
Bangladeshi	1	0	1	0.0%
Black - African	8	0	8	0.2%
Black Caribbean	20	1	21	0.6%
Chinese	1	0	1	0.0%
Gypsy / Roma	1	0	1	0.0%
Indian	27	0	27	0.8%
Pakistani	4	0	4	0.1%
Traveller of Irish Heritage	0	0	0	0.0%
White - British	3199	81	3280	91.6%
White - Irish	9	1	10	0.3%
White and Asian	17	0	17	0.5%
White and Black African	0	1	1	0.0%
White and Black Caribbean	72	2	74	2.1%
Information Not Yet Obtained	25	0	25	0.7%
Refused	26	1	27	0.8%
UNKNOWN (data not provided)	56	0	56	1.6%
Total	3547	88	3579	100.0%

*Please note: Ethnicity is grouped according to the CBDS Sub-Category groupings defined by the DCSF

Source: Online School Exclusions system - completed by all Schools 22/10/2009 Proc

Produced by the Exclusions Team

	Number of LAC excluded	Number of Fixed Exclusions	Number of Permanent Endorsed Exclusions	Number of Permanent Reinstated	Total Number of Exclusions
Number of Children 2002-3	N/A	60	6	0	66
Number of Children 2003-4	35	41	4	0	45
Number of Children 2004-5	35	62	7	0	69
Number of Children 2005-6	40	91	2	0	93
Number of Children 2006-7	53	101	7	0	108
Number of Children 2007-8	51	104	9	0	113
Number of Children 2008-9	48	94	3	0	97

12. Number of Looked After Children excluded in 2002-03 to 2008-09

* Please note: This is based on the information provided by the school via the on-line form

Source: Online School Exclusions system - completed by all Schools 22/10/2009

Produced by the Exclusions Team

<u>13. Reason for</u> Exclusions

		200	4-2005			200	5-2006			200	6-2007			200	7-2008		2008-2009			
EXCLUSIONS REASON	PERM	ANENT	FD	KED	PERM	ANENT	FD	KED	PERM	ANENT	FIX	ED	PERM	ANENT	۶IJ	KED	PERM	ANENT	FD	KED
EXCLUSIONS REASON	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%														
Physical assault against pupil	21	14.4%	610	19.2%	27	22.7%	617	20.5%	14	10.6%	686	19.7%	22	18.8%	726	19.4%	16	18.2%	652	18.4%
Physical assault against adult	11	7.5%	141	4.4%	11	9.2%	181	6.0%	25	18.9%	198	5.7%	12	10.3%	205	5.5%	11	12.5%	213	6.0%
Verbal abuse / threatening behaviour against pupi	7	4.8%	177	5.6%	8	6.7%	127	4.2%	3	2.3%	110	3.2%	5	4.3%	113	3.0%	5	5.7%	113	3.2%
Verbal abuse / threatening behaviour against adul	20	13.7%	824	25.9%	12	10.1%	817	27.2%	17	12.9%	798	22.9%	19	16.2%	977	26.1%	7	8.0%	824	23.2%
Bullying	3	2.1%	67	2.1%	2	1.7%	64	2.1%	1	0.8%	97	2.8%	0	0.0%	119	3.2%	0	0.0%	67	1.9%
Racist abuse	1	0.7%	40	1.3%	1	0.8%	39	1.3%	0	0.0%	54	1.5%	1	0.9%	47	1.3%	0	0.0%	45	1.3%
Sexual misconduct	0	0.0%	32	1.0%	2	1.7%	0	0.0%	1	0.8%	61	1.8%	3	2.6%	70	1.9%	0	0.0%	47	1.3%
Drug and alcohol related	15	10.3%	145	4.6%	6	5.0%	0	0.0%	6	4.5%	190	5.5%	4	3.4%	181	4.8%	8	9.1%	173	4.9%
Damage to school or personal property belonging to any member of the school community	4	2.7%	151	4.7%	4	3.4%	125	4.2%	5	3.8%	125	3.6%	1	0.9%	139	3.7%	3	3.4%	145	4.1%
Theft	4	2.7%	105	3.3%	3	2.5%	69	2.3%	2	1.5%	70	2.0%	3	2.6%	69	1.8%	5	5.7%	97	2.7%
Persistent disruptive behaviour	59	40.4%	805	25.3%	43	36.1%	812	27.0%	58	43.9%	1027	29.5%	46	39.3%	944	25.2%	32	36.4%	978	27.6%
Other	1	0.7%	86	2.7%	0	0.0%	153	5.1%	0	0.0%	69	2.0%	0	0.0%	139	3.7%	1	1.1%	185	5.2%
Unknown	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	0.9%	16	0.4%	0	0.0%	8	0.2%
Total	146	100.0%	3183	100.0%	119	100.0%	3004	100.0%	132	100.0%	3485	100.0%	117	100.0%	3745	100.0%	88	100.0%	3547	100.0%

14. All Exclusions by type of School

		200	4-2005			200	5-2006			200	6-2007			200	7-2008			200	8-2009	
TYPE OF SCHOOL	FIXED	PERMANENT ENDORSED	PERMANENT REINSTATED	TOTAL	FIXED		PERMANENT REINSTATED	TOTAL												
INFANT SCHOOL	9	0	0	9	16	0	0	16	22	0	0	22	25	0	0	25	35	0	0	35
JUNIOR SCHOOL	96	5	1	102	89	1	0	90	109	7	0	116	125	4	0	129	103	3	1	107
PRIMARY SCHOOL	224	10	0	234	254	13	0	267	294	11	0	305	259	6	0	265	300	11	0	311
SECONDARY SCHOOL	2619	128	1	2748	2587	102	3	2692	2808	118	2	2928	3070	103	0	3173	2594	72	6	2672
SPECIAL SCHOOL	116	3	0	119	133	3	0	136	100	2	0	102	118	4	0	122	166	2	0	168
PRU	117	0	0	117	104	0	0	104	132	0	0	132	148	0	0	148	349	0	0	349
TOTAL	3181	146	2	3329	3183	119	3	3305	3465	138	2	3605	3745	117	0	3862	3547	88	7	3642

Source: Online School Exclusions system - completed by all Schools <u>15. Duration of FIXED term exclusions</u>

22/10/2009Produced by the Exclusions Team

NUMBER OF DAYS	2002	2-2003	200	2003-2004		2004-2005		2005-2006		2006-2007		2007-2008		2008-2009	
NUMBER OF DATS	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	
a) 0-5 Days	1803	87%	2110	86%	2759	87%	2810	88%	3073	88%	3599	96%	3481	98%	
b) 6-10 Days	181	9%	245	10%	311	10%	254	8%	289	8%	50	1%	35	1%	
c) 11-15 Days	51	2%	67	3%	70	2%	75	2%	78	2%	31	1%	12	0%	
d) More Than 15 Days	30	1%	29	1%	41	1%	40	1%	36	1%	9	0%	8	0%	
e) UNKNOWN		0%		0%		0%		0%		0%	56	1%	11	0%	
TOTAL	2065	100%	2451	100%	3181	100%	3179	100%	3476	100%	3745	100%	3547	100%	

*Please note that for 2003-2004 'Number' of fixed exclusions above does not sum to the total as there are 18 records where the length of exclusion was not recorded.

*Please note that from 2004-2005 'Number' of fixed exclusions does not include permanent reinstated exclusions

* Please note that for 2005-2006 'Number' of fixed exclusions above does not sum to the total as there are 4 records where the length of exclusion was not recorded. However, based on the start and end date the number of days excluded for these pupils are: 2 = 0.5, 1 = 6.10 and 1 = >15.

*Please note that for 2006-2007 'Number' of fixed exclusions above does not sum to the total as there are 9 records where the length of exclusion was not recorded.

16. PERMANENT exclusions as a percentage of total number on roll 2003/2004 - 2008/2009

Year	Number of permanent exclusions	Total number on roll as at the January School Census	% of total NOR*
2003-2004	91	77647	0.12%
2004-2005	146	77721	0.19%
2005-2006	119	77283	0.15%
2006-2007	132	76603	0.17%
2007-2008	117	75974	0.15%
2008-2009	88	75901	0.12%

 Total NOR includes all schools; Nursery, Primary, Secondary, Special and PRU as at the date of the January School Census for that Academic Year

Action Plan

Recomm	mmendation Officer/Member Deadline Responsible		Deadline	Approximate cost (£ or time)	
Gen	eral	•			
1.	That in the September of each year the Children, Young People and Families Overview and Scrutiny Committee is briefed on exclusion rates for the previous academic year.	Strategic Director for Children, Young People and Families	Annually in September	Officer time to produce report for committee using data that is already collected	
2.	Cabinet is asked to ensure that in agreeing its proposed budget for 2011/12 sufficient resources are allocated to early intervention services to maintain as a minimum the level of service currently provided.	Portfolio Holder for Children, Young People and Families working with the Strategic Director for Children, Young People and Families	February 2011 when budget is agreed.	Not known at this stage but will need to match existing funding at a minimum.	

Recomm	endation	Officer/Member Responsible	Deadline	Approximate cost (£ or time)
3.	That the Strategic Director of Children, Young People and Families takes every opportunity to remind school leaders that informal or unofficial exclusions are unlawful and therefore unacceptable.	Strategic Director of Children, Young People and Families	March 2011	Minimal. Existing forums and other channels of communication to be used.
4.	That the emerging strategy for zero permanent exclusions by primary and secondary schools of children currently in the care of the County Council be supported.	Strategic Director of Children, Young People and Families	Ongoing	Minimal
5.	That support be given to the creation of a single primary teaching and learning centre to serve the whole of Warwickshire.	Portfolio Holder for Children, Young People and Families working with the Strategic Director for Children, Young People and Families	September 2011	Not know at this stage but likely to range from several hundred thousands (for accommodation in an existing building) to many millions for a new build. Operating costs are already met under existing arrangements but travel costs may increase with the use of a single site

Recommendation		Officer/Member Responsible	Deadline	Approximate cost (£ or time)
6.	That the primary cluster model be adopted across the county with agreement on early intervention protocols and processes.	Strategic Director of Children, Young People and Families.	September 2012	Minimal additional cost. Officer time needs to be invested to encourage schools to embrace clusters.
7.	That the Strategic Director of Children, Young People and Families encourages all secondary schools to develop in-house provision (learning support units) to ensure a full continuum of provision.	Strategic Director of Children, Young People and Families.	September 2012 by which time all schools without Learning Support Units should have (at a minimum) had them considered by the school.	No additional funds. Initiative will rely on redeployment of existing funds available to schools.

Recommendation	Officer/Member Responsible	Deadline	Approximate cost (£ or time)
Support and Behaviour Management			
8. That the Strategic Director for Children, Young People and Families audits schools to determine the arrangements they have in place to offer children, young people and their families opportunities to participate in Common Assessments under the CAF process in order to identify needs and facilitate early intervention that will support children and young people's placement in schools. A CAF should be offered as soon as the school identifies concerns that - if not addressed - would be likely to lead to	Strategic Director for Children, Young People and Families/ CAF Manager	March 2011	£5000 for audit Officer time to undertake review and work with schools to encourage good practice.

Recommendation	Officer/Member Responsible	Deadline	Approximate cost (£ or time)
exclusion and also as soon as attendance falls below 90%.			
9. That the Strategic Director for Children, Young People and Families ensures that all schools be reminded that if a CAF is offered by the school and declined, the school should inform the area CAF Officer as per Warwickshire's CAF process.	Strategic Director for Children, Young People and Families/ CAF Manager	March 2011	Minimal. Officer time and a letter or other means of communication

Recomm	Recommendation Officer/Member Responsible		Deadline	Approximate cost (£ or time)		
10.	That the Strategic Director for Children, Young People and Families works to encourage schools to ensure that all staff with specific pastoral responsibilities are trained to use the CAF process and are supported by Headteachers and governors to initiate Common Assessments and act as Lead Professional as appropriate.	Strategic Director for Children, Young People and Families	March 2011	Minimal initial cost but may lead to an increase in use of Common Assessment Framework.		

Recommendation	Officer/Member Responsible	Deadline	Approximate cost (£ or time)		
11. That Cabinet make funds available in 2011/12 for an audit of training to be undertaken across all schools to establish whether they have sufficient staff trained in evidenced based behaviour management techniques. Where shortcomings are found schools should be encouraged to work in clusters and Area Behaviour and Attendance Partnerships to address them.	Portfolio Holder for Children, Young People and Families and Strategic Director for Children, Young People and Families	March 2011	£2000 for audit plus officer time		

Recomme	endation	Officer/Member Responsible	Deadline	Approximate cost (£ or time)
12.	That the Strategic Director of Children, Young People and Families encourages all schools to ensure that at least one member of their staff is National Programme for Specialist Leaders in Behaviour and Attendance (NPSLBA) qualified.	Strategic Director for Children, Young People and Families	March 2011	Minimal initial cost to authority but additional costs for schools that invest in training
13.	That the Strategic Director for Children, Young People and Families ensures that all schools are briefed on the work of Team Teach and its strategies around positive handling.	Strategic Director for Children, Young People and Families	March 2011	Minimal initial cost to authority but additional costs for schools that invest in training

Recomme	endation	Officer/Member Responsible	Deadline	Approximate cost (£ or time)	
Parti	nership Work	•			
14.	That the Area Leads of Teaching and Learning Centres and Head Teachers be encouraged to work together to support outreach work by Teaching and Learning Centre Staff and look for continuing exchange of good practice and other information between the two.	Strategic Director of Children, Young People and Families	Ongoing but progress to be seen by July 2011	Minimal financial outlay but investment required through officer time.	
15.	That those secondary schools that do not already accommodate a Police Community Support Officer be encouraged to give consideration as to how this might be done.	Strategic Director of Children, Young People and Families	September 2011	Cost per school to accommodate a PCSO approx. £40,000 per annum	

Recommendation		Officer/Member Responsible	Deadline	Approximate cost (£ or time)
16.	That where any new funds for initiatives concerning behaviour or attendance become available these be allocated to the Area Behaviour and Attendance Partnerships as opposed to being delegated to schools. Consideration should be given to the use of this money for the employment of mentors and other support to assist pupils to remain in mainstream education.	Strategic Director of Children, Young People and Families. Portfolio Holder for Children, Young People and Families	Ongoing	No additional cost to the authority. Resources to be deployed in a different way.

Recommendation		Officer/Member Responsible	Deadline	Approximate cost (£ or time)
17.	That in order to ensure greater consistency Area Behaviour and Attendance Partnerships be requested as part of their enhanced role to monitor schools' behaviour management and take action in instances when adequate policies do not exist or are not applied.	Chairs of Area behaviour and Attendance Partnerships	September 2011	No additional costs
Futu	re Work			
18.	That a small task and finish group be formed to explore the processes required to "statement" a pupil.	Chair of Children and Young People Overview and Scrutiny Committee	March 2011	Officer and Member time. Support from Overview and Scrutiny Team.
19.	That a small task and finish group be formed to undertake a major in-depth review of the education of looked after Children.	Chair of Children and Young People Overview and Scrutiny Committee	March 2011	Officer and Member time. Support from Overview and Scrutiny Team.

Recommendation		Officer/Member Responsible	Deadline	Approximate cost (£ or time)
20.	That consideration be given to an in- depth review of out of county provision for Warwickshire children.	Chair of Children and Young People Overview and Scrutiny Committee	March 2011	Officer and Member time. Support from Overview and Scrutiny Team.

Glossary

AD CAF	Assertive Discipline Common Assessment Framework
DCSF	Department for Children, Schools and Families (Replaced by the Department for Education)
EAL	English is an additional language
EIN	Early Intervention Network
EIS	Early Intervention Service
LSU	Learning Support Unit
NEET	Not in Education, Employment or Training
NPSLBA	National Programme for Specialist Leaders of Behaviour and Attendance
SEN	Special Education Needs
SENCO	Special Education Needs Co-ordinator

AGENDA MANAGEMENT SHEET

Name of Committee Date of Committee	Children And Young People Overview And Scrutiny Committee 8th September 2010									
Report Title	Sc	rutiny of Safeguarding								
Summary	fror	This report presents the report and recommendations from the Scrutiny of Safeguarding Task and Finish Group.								
For further information please contact:	Michelle McHugh Overview and Scrutiny Manager Tel: 01926 412144 michellemchugh@warwickshire.gov									
Would the recommended decision be contrary to the Budget and Policy Framework?	No.									
Background papers	No	ne								
CONSULTATION ALREADY U	INDE	ERTAKEN:- Details to be specified								
Other Committees										
Local Member(s)	Χ	N/A								
Other Elected Members	X	Cllr Tandy, Cllr Ross, Cllr Balaam (For information)								
Cabinet Member	Χ	Cllr Timms (For information)								
Chief Executive										
Legal	X	Victoria Gould								
Finance										
Other Strategic Directors	\square	David Carter, Strategic Director for Customers, Workforce and Governance, Marion Davis, Strategic Director for Children, Young People and Families <i>(For information)</i>								
District Councils										

Health Authority		
Police		
Other Bodies/Individuals		
FINAL DECISION NO		
SUGGESTED NEXT STEPS:		Details to be specified
Further consideration by this Committee		
To Council		
To Cabinet	X	Report and recommendations to be forwarded to Cabinet for consideration
To an O & S Committee		
To an Area Committee		
Further Consultation		



Agenda No

Children and Young People Overview and Scrutiny Committee - 8th September 2010.

Scrutiny of Safeguarding

Report of the Chair of Scrutiny of Safeguarding Task and Finish Group

Recommendation

The Committee is recommended to agree the report and recommendations of the Scrutiny of Safeguarding Task and Finish Group and forward the report and recommendations onto Cabinet for consideration.

1. Introduction

- 1.1 In the wake of a number of tragic and high profile child protection cases elsewhere in the Country, Warwickshire has been experiencing a significant increase in the number of child protection referrals and the number of children subject to a child protection plan. The Scrutiny of Safeguarding Task and Finish Group was formed in November 2009 to scrutinise the effectiveness of child protection processes in Warwickshire and implications of the increased demand.
- 1.2 The report of the Task and Finish Group is attached as Appendix A. The section below outlines the recommendations for improvement which are contained in the report.

2. Recommendations

2.1 Managing the increased workload

- A The Head of Service for the Children In Need Division review the current arrangements in place to support newly qualified social workers, including protected caseloads, to ensure that:
 - Newly qualified social workers are receiving appropriate support and are not being over burdened
 - Support arrangements are implemented consistently across the county



- B The Head of Service for the Children In Need Division review the levels and mix of caseloads across the County to ensure equity and implement a maximum level for caseloads.
- C The Head of Service for the Children In Need Division be requested to review current resource allocation across the County and ensure that resources are proportionally allocated to match the different levels of demand across the County
- D Current levels of frontline social workers be maintained in order to ensure demand is met within an acceptable level of risk

2.2 Structure and Accommodation

- E The Head of Service for Children in Need Division explore the following options:
 - Merging area teams to realise management, back-office and accommodation savings, whilst protecting frontline resources.
 - Rationalisation of office accommodation, through relocation to less expensive accommodation or co-location with other public service providers for example the Police's Child Protection Unit.
- F Any savings realised through changes to office accommodation from the above be ring-fenced to further support front-line work within safeguarding

2.3 Thresholds and Processes

- G Warwickshire's Safeguarding Children Board consider how the presentation and communication of information regarding thresholds and referral processes can be improved in light of the issues raised within this review.
- H Warwickshire's Safeguarding Children Board provide schools and other relevant partners with a poster outlining key information and contact details to be displayed in office areas.
- I Schools be requested to display the poster produced by Warwickshire's Safeguarding Children Board as outlined in recommendation H, to increase awareness and understanding regarding thresholds and referral processes

2.4 Partnership Working

- J The Adult Social Care and Health Overview and Scrutiny Committee explore inconsistent GP attendance at case conference with NHS Warwickshire
- K The Head of Service for the Children in Need Division write to all primary and secondary schools within Warwickshire to highlight the



importance of schools passing on information regarding safeguarding matters when they transfer a pupil to another school.

- L Area Teams send annual letters to schools and other organisations involved with children in the area, to explain the management structure, how to manage cases of concern and key contacts within the Team. This letter should provide a key contact within the Team.
- M The Head of Service for the Children in Need Division and the DCI responsible for Child Protection within Warwickshire Police review communication practices between social workers and police officers across the county in order to ensure communication is effective and opportunities for collaboration maximised.

CLLR ROSS Chair of Scrutiny of Safeguarding Task and Finish Group

Shire Hall Warwick

04 August 2010



Scrutiny Review into Safeguarding Children, Young People and Families OSC

> Final Report September 2010

Scrutiny Review into Safeguarding

Children, Young People and Families OSC

Final Report

1. Introduction and Background

- 1.1 Within recent years there have been a number of tragic and high profile child protection cases, which have highlighted systemic failings in child protection processes and the application of those processes, leading to missed opportunities to protect children from harm. Such cases have led to increased momentum at a national level to ensure the effectiveness of local safeguarding practices. Additionally, they have led to increased awareness amongst professionals and the public regarding safeguarding issues.
- 1.2 It is within this context that Warwickshire, inline with other local authorities, has experienced a significant increase in the number of referrals made to children services. Over the last 18 months, the service has experienced a 25% increased in referrals. This has led to an unprecedented number of looked after children and children subject to a child protection plan. In April 2010, there were 579 looked after children and 514 children subject to a child protection plan in Warwickshire.
- 1.3 Conscious of the pressures facing the Children in Need Division, in November 2009 the Children, Young People and Families Overview and Scrutiny Committee commissioned a Task and Finish Group to scrutinise the effectiveness of child protection processes within Warwickshire and to establish the impact and implications of the increased demand. This report summarises the findings and recommendations from the review.

2. The Task and Finish Group

2.1 The Task and Finish Group consisted of the following members.









Cllr Jackson

Cllr Johnston

Cllr Perry

CIIr Ross (Chair)

3. Scope of the Review

- 3.1 The review focussed specifically upon the reactionary element of child protection and the effectiveness of practices and processes which are instigated once a concern regarding a child has been raised. National policy and legislative issues were considered to fall outside the scope of the review.
- 3.2 The objectives of the review were:
 - To understand the picture of increased demand for child protection services, how increased demand is being managed and its impact upon caseloads, risks and staff morale
 - 2) To understand disparities in demand and practice across Warwickshire and to narrow the gaps in demand and practice to ensure that the services received by children, young people and their families is not determined by where they live
 - 3) To understand workforce issues that impact upon practice eg. Recruitment and retention, training and support
 - 4) To establish the effectiveness of partnership working, in particular:
 - the effectiveness of the Common Assessment Framework (CAF) and its alignment to the Safeguarding Process and
 - the ability / knowledge of professionals working with children and young people to identify and communicate causes of concern, particularly classroom Teachers
 - 5) To review action plans put in place to address comments in the Joint Area Review (JAR) and the recommendations from the Laming Review
 - 6) To identify and address gaps in services
 - 7) To recognise and promote achievements of safeguarding services internally and externally.

4. The review process

- 4.1 The Task and Finish Group undertook the review by meeting with a range of individuals involved in safeguarding, to gain an insight into their views and experiences, this included:
 - The Head of Service for Children in Need Division
 - Warwickshire Safeguarding Children Board Development Manager
 - Social Workers and Operational Managers
 - Independent Reviewing Team
 - Designated Nurse for child protection
 - Teachers with designated responsibility for child protection
 - Multi-agency Training Service
 - Warwickshire Police
 - Warwickshire County Council's Young People Legal Service
- 4.2 The Task and Finish Group also undertook site visits to Child Protection Teams in each area of the County to speak to social workers and to gain an understanding of different issues across the County. Additionally, the Task and Finish Group attended a meeting of the Looked After Children Council,

where Councillors were able to hear the views and experiences of looked after young people.

4.3 The Task and Finish Group would like to sincerely thank everyone who participated in the review. Without the willingness of individuals to engage in the review, it would have been difficult for the Task and Finish Group to develop a true picture of safeguarding within Warwickshire.

5. Key findings and recommendations

- 5.1 Through the evidence submitted by various 'witnesses' and through the site visits to the Child Protection Teams across the County, the Task and Finish Group is confident that the systems and processes in place to protect children from harm within Warwickshire are extremely robust and effective. Particular strengthens of Warwickshire's approach to child protection include having a dedicated officer to liaise with schools regarding safeguarding issues (Education Safeguarding Manager) and robust checks and balances in place to ensure appropriate actions in response to referrals.
- 5.2 The Task and Finish Group were overwhelmed by the dedication and commitment of all those working within the child protection field. It is recognised that those working in child protection, particularly social workers, do not always receive adequate recognition and thanks for the valuable work that they undertake. The Task and Finish Group is in no doubt that Warwickshire's social workers have managed exceptionally well, in extremely difficult circumstances and would like to take this opportunity to thank all social workers for their hard work and dedication.
- 5.3 However, it is fundamentally important that the County Council and other partners do not become complacent and continually seek to improve safeguarding processes and practices. In this vein, the Task and Finish Group have identified a number of areas of improvements which would further strengthen the systems and processes in place. These are summarised below.

Managing the Increased Workload

- 5.4 The significant increase in the number of referrals and the number of children subject to a child protection has inevitably had a significant impact on the workloads of social workers. In order to manage the increased level of need, the service is focussing upon prioritising those cases that meet the statutory thresholds for child protection. The significantly high number of referrals has meant that it is currently impossible to deal with every referral received. Consequently, social workers are promoting the use of the Common Assessment Framework (CAF) for non-child protection cases. The Task and Finish Group support this approach.
- 5.5 Yet, even with this prioritisation, the workload of social workers has increased significantly. The high numbers of referrals and caseloads in some areas of the County inevitably raises questions as to whether there is sufficient

capacity to meet the level of demand within an acceptable level of risk. 'Witnesses' expressed concerns to the Task and Finish Group that social workers were being over stretched. The limited capacity of the service has been recognised by the Children, Young People and Families Directorate, with £500k of redistributed resources being allocated to the Children in Need Division to manage the increased demand. This funding has been used to create 10 new frontline social workers posts. The Task and Finish Group welcomes the recruitment of 10 additional frontline social workers in order to manage the increased demand. However, the recruitment to these posts is likely to have a long lead in time before having demonstrable impact on current caseload levels, as demand continues to rise. Therefore, these additional posts cannot be considered a solution.

- 5.6 The Task and Finish Group were concerned with the differential caseloads of social workers across the County. In North Warwickshire, some social workers were handling 21 cases. This level of caseloads is not replicated across the County. In Warwick, social workers were managing 12 cases, with approximately 10 being child protection cases. In Bedworth, social workers were managing 8 cases, whereas in Nuneaton social workers were managing 6/7 cases. It is recognised that it is difficult to compare caseloads like for like, as the complexity and resource requirements of each case vary considerably. Nevertheless, it is important to ensure that there is equity in the level and type of caseloads that social workers are required to manage. In order to achieve a degree of equity in the level and mix of cases, a maximum caseload level should be introduced, which takes into consideration different complexity of cases.
- 5.7 It is also fundamentally important to ensure that newly qualified social workers are allocated appropriate levels and complexity of cases. Whilst in some areas of the County newly qualified social workers had protected caseloads and were expected to build up a level of expertise before fully taking on the accountability for a case, this approach did not appear to be commonplace across the County. In particular, in North Warwickshire, some newly qualified social workers (with less than 12 months experience) were to reported to be managing up to 19 cases. It is recognised that caseloads for NQSWs will vary in nature across the county and will reflect the overall nature of cases within the team. Additionally, the allocation of work to NQSWs has to balance the need for them to learn within a supported environment and for them to be challenged and stretched to meet national competencies. However, the Task and Finish Group felt that such a differential level of caseloads among NQSWs requires investigation.
- 5.8 The importance of ensuring protected caseloads for newly qualified social workers has been recognised nationally through the recommendations of the Social Work Taskforce. Moreover, there are already a number of initiatives in place in Warwickshire to support NQSWs. Warwickshire is part of the NQSW national pilot programme, which requires NQSWs to have a protected caseload of 10% in volume and access to training and development equal to 10% of their workload. Additionally, all NQSWs receive formal supervision with their line manager on a fortnightly basis during their first three months.

The Task and Finish Group is of the view that the current arrangements in place to support NQSWs, including protected caseloads, be reviewed immediately in order to ensure NQSWs are receiving appropriate support and are not being over-burdened due to the current demand issues facing the service.

- 5.9 To some extent, the differential levels of work across the county reflect the differential demographics across the county. Nevertheless, the differential caseloads across the County, raises questions as to whether resources are currently being deployed to maximum optimisation. With some areas experiencing more significant increases in referrals and children subject to a child protection plan than others, there is a need to ensure that resources are deployed on a proportionate basis, so that resources are spread efficiently across the county to match the differing demands.
- 5.10 Inevitably, with unprecedented pressures on public finance, it is likely that, like other services, the Children in Need Division will be required to achieve a certain level of savings. However, child protection is a demand led service which is underpinned by statutory requirements. Therefore, the Task and Finish Group is of the view that any savings targets required of the service should not be at level where frontline provision is jeopardised. The current levels of frontline social workers need to be maintained if the level of demand is to be met effectively. Reducing the numbers of frontline social workers would present an unacceptable level of risk.

Recommendations

- A The Head of Service for the Children In Need Division the review current arrangements in place to support newly qualified social workers, including protected caseloads, to ensure that:
 - Newly qualified social workers are receiving appropriate support and are not being over burdened
 - Support arrangements are implemented consistently across the county
- B The Head of Service for the Children In Need Division review the levels and mix of caseloads across the County to ensure equity and implement a maximum level of caseloads.
- C The Head of Service for the Children In Need Division be requested to review current resource allocation across the County and ensure that resources are proportionally allocated to match the different levels of demand across the County
- D Current levels of frontline social workers be maintained in order to ensure demand is met within an acceptable level of risk

Structure and Accommodation

- 5.11 Whilst the level of frontline provision should be maintained, the Task and Finish Group is of the view that the structure and accommodation of the service could be changed in order to release some resources.
- 5.12 The Task and Finish Group is of the view that the following options be explored.
 - Merging area teams to realise management, back-office and accommodation savings, whilst protecting frontline resources. Any merger should provide clear efficiencies without jeopardising frontline resources.
 - Rationalisation of office accommodation, through relocation to less expensive accommodation or co-location with other public service providers for example the Police's Child Protection Unit. Clearly, any accommodation used needs to be easily accessible and have sufficient facilities to provide privacy and confidentiality for individuals visiting the office.
- 5.13 The Task and Finish Group is of the view that any savings realised through changes to office accommodation from the above should be ring-fenced to further support front-line work within safeguarding.
- 5.14 Any changes to structure and office location should ensure services currently provided are continued, for example providing venues for contact with children and venues for multi-agency meetings, and be mindful of the need to maintain strong relationships with local partners.

Recommendations

- E The Head of Service for Children in Need Division explore the following options:
 - Merging area teams to realise management, back-office and accommodation savings, whilst protecting frontline resources.
 - Rationalisation of office accommodation, through relocation to less expensive accommodation or co-location with other public service providers for example the Police's Child Protection Unit.
- F Any savings realised through changes to office accommodation from the above be ring-fenced to further support front-line work within safeguarding

Thresholds and Processes

- 5.15 Guidance regarding the thresholds for child protection cases is contained in the Blue Book which is provided to all relevant professionals. However, the review highlighted that the guidance regarding thresholds within the Blue Book is interpreted differently by different professionals. The Task and Finish Group heard examples where teachers had considered that thresholds for child protection had been met, but this view had not been shared by social workers. Concern was also raised that the interpretation of thresholds within children services may vary across the county. Such variation in interpretation needs to be addressed and cross professional understanding improved.
- 5.16 In addition to differential interpretations regarding thresholds, the review highlighted that there was a lack of common understanding regarding safeguarding processes. Teachers involved in the review highlighted that there had been instances were they had been unable to access advice from the local Children Services offices and were uncertain where advice could be accessed from in such instances. Additionally, Teachers stated that they were not aware of how to challenge the advice given if they did not agree with it.
- 5.17 The Task and Finish Group found that this was not attributable to a lack of information. All schools had been provided with information regarding contact points for advice and the escalation process, which is designed to manage different professional views. Therefore, it appeared that the information was available but may not have been effectively communicated to schools. Consequently, the Task and Finish Group is of the view the view that communication of information regarding thresholds and processes could be further improved.
- 5.18 Whilst it is recognised that it is difficult to provide an absolute guide, as each case is inevitably different, the Task and Finish Group is of the view that the process could be better described so that all professionals have an easy and accessible reference point. The Task and Finish Group recognise that this information is already available, but consideration needs to be given to how the information is presented and communicated. The Task and Finish Group suggests a poster outlining key information and contact details be provided to schools and other relevant partners to display within offices. This would provide a visual aid to increase awareness and understanding surrounding thresholds and referral processes.
- 5.19 The Task and Finish Group were made aware that workshops had been recently be held in each district area, to promote open discussions between partner agencies regarding thresholds, referrals and case studies. The Task and Finish Group welcome this approach.

Recommendations

- G Warwickshire's Safeguarding Children Board consider how the presentation and communication of information regarding thresholds and referral processes can be improved in light of the issues raised within this review.
- H Warwickshire's Safeguarding Children Board provide schools and other relevant partners with a poster outlining key information and contact details to be displayed in office areas.
- I Schools be requested to display the poster produced by Warwickshire's Safeguarding Children Board as outlined in recommendation H, to increase awareness and understanding regarding thresholds and referral processes

Partnership Working

5.20 Whilst partnership working within Warwickshire overall appears to be effective, the review highlighted a number of areas where partnership working could be improved.

GP's

5.21 There was a general consensus that the input from GP's in case conferences is invaluable, particularly in complex cases, however the attendance of GP's seems to be variable. NHS Warwickshire are aware of the issue and have started working with the local medical council to help support GP's to fulfil their safeguarding role. Whilst GP engagement with case conferences is not explicitly included in GP's contracts, it is hoped that engaging the local medical council will influence GP's to engage more consistently with case conferences. Nevertheless, the Task and Finish Group is of the view that this issue should be explored further by the Adult Social Care and Health Overview and Scrutiny Committee.

Information Sharing

- 5.22 Information sharing is central to effective safeguarding work, whilst there is no local single shared database accessible to all partner organisations, organisations recognise their statutory requirements to share information when approached by another agency. However, the teachers that contributed to the review highlighted that schools did not always pass on information regarding pupils that they transferred. Therefore, schools were not always aware if concerns had been raised about a pupil. The Task and Finish Group is of the view that all schools should be reminded of the need to provide such information when transferring pupils.
- 5.23 With the Government abolishing "Contact Point", a national database developed to enable professionals to identify which agencies are involved with

a child, it is fundamentally important that information sharing within Warwickshire remains effective.

Funding for Warwickshire's Safeguarding Children Board

5.24 There is currently no national formula for deciding the financial contributions of agencies towards the management of the Warwickshire Safeguarding Children Board. Currently, funding to support the work of the Board is negotiated by partners within the Board, with all partners contributing relative amounts. It is thought that the Children Trust would be better placed to lead the discussions and decisions regarding partner contributions.

Communication

- 5.25 The review highlighted that communication could be improved between schools and social workers. Schools highlighted that they would like more dialogue and interaction with social workers and suggested that schools be allocated a specific social worker to foster better communication and partnership working. The Task and Finish Group were advised that schools had previously been allocated link social workers, which worked well but were resource intensive. The practice of link social workers had not been sustained due to the demand led pressures on the service and the need to reprioritise workloads accordingly. However, there are number of simply practices that could be adopted to further enhance communication and partnership working between schools and social workers.
- 5.26 For example, sending annual letters to schools and other organisations involved with children in the area, to explain the management structure, how to manage cases of concern and key contacts within the Team. Whilst this practice is currently undertaken in some teams, it needs to be replicated across the County. Additionally, each Team should provide schools with a key contact within the Team, to improve communication and relationship building.
- 5.27. The review also highlighted that communication between social workers and police officers was considered to be variable across the County. Some social workers thought that collaboration with the police could be improved. Indeed, particular concerns were highlighted within the Bedworth area. Warwickshire Police acknowledged that they had been aware that there were previously communication issues in Bedworth and measures had been put in place to address this, including monthly meetings. However, the Task and Finish Group is of the view that communication practices between the police and social workers across the County be reviewed in order to ensure communication is effective and opportunities for collaboration maximised.

Recommendations

- J The Adult Social Care and Health Overview and Scrutiny Committee explore inconsistent GP attendance at case conference with NHS Warwickshire
- K The Head of Service for the Children in Need Division write to all primary and secondary schools within Warwickshire to highlight the importance of schools passing on information regarding safeguarding matters when they transfer a pupil to another school.
- L Area Teams send annual letters to schools and other organisations involved with children in the area, to explain the management structure, how to manage cases of concern and key contacts within the Team. This letter should provide a key contact within the Team.
- M The Head of Service for the Children in Need Division and the DCI responsible for Child Protection within Warwickshire Police review communication practices between social workers and police officers across the county in order to ensure communication is effective and opportunities for collaboration maximised.

6. Conclusion

6.1 Overall, the Task and Finish Group is satisfied and reassured that child protection processes and systems in place within Warwickshire are robust and effective. However, it is fundamentally important to ensure the effectiveness of current processes and systems are not damaged by the need to identify savings. The Task and Finish Group is of the view that the Children and Young People Overview and Scrutiny Committee continue to undertake an overview role in relation to the issues raised within this review, particularly following the outcome of the Comprehensive Spending Review in the autumn.

AGENDA MANAGEMENT SHEET

Name of Committee Date of Committee	Children And Young People Overview And Scrutiny Committee 8th September 2010									
Report Title	Work Programme 2010-11									
Summary	The Committee is asked to consider the items it would wish to include in its future work programme and any recommendations it would wish to make to the Overview and Scrutiny Board for task and finish groups.									
For further information please contact:	Jane Pollard Democratic Services Manager Tel: 01926 412565 janepollard@warwickshire.gov.uk									
Would the recommended decision be contrary to the Budget and Policy Framework?	No.									
Background papers	None									
CONSULTATION ALREADY U	NDERTAKEN:- Details to be specified									
Other Committees										
Local Member(s)	X N/A									
Other Elected Members	Councillors: June Tandy, Carolyn Robbins, and Peter Balaam									
Cabinet Member	X For information Councillor Heather Timms									
Chief Executive										
Legal	X Jane Pollard									
Finance										
Other Strategic Directors	X Marion Davis, Strategic Director of Children Young People and Families									
District Councils										
Work Programme Report v2.doc	1 of 11									

Health Authority		
Police		
Other Bodies/Individuals	Χ	Geoff King (CYPF), Bob Hooper (CYPF)
FINAL DECISION YES		
SUGGESTED NEXT STEPS:		Details to be specified
Further consideration by this Committee		
To Council		
To Cabinet		
To an O & S Committee		
To an Area Committee		
Further Consultation		

Agenda No

Children and Young People Overview and Scrutiny Committee - 8th September 2010.

Work Programme 2010-11

Report of the Strategic Director Customers, Workforce and Governance

Recommendation

That the Committee

(1) Considers the draft work programme at Appendix 1 and amends as appropriate.

(2) that the Committee recommends any task and finish groups to the Board as appropriate

1. Introduction

- 1.1 On 29 June 2010 the Council agreed new arrangements for the overview and scrutiny function. It created an Overview and Scrutiny Board (a formal overview and scrutiny committee) with specific responsibility for the overall management of the overview and scrutiny work programme and in particular the commissioning and appointments (including their chairs) to task and finish groups to carry out specific reviews. Alongside the Board are 3 overview and scrutiny committees i.e. Adult Social Care and Health; Children and Young People and Communities. These committees will largely govern their own business and may suggest to the Board topics which may be suitable for task and finish groups. Under the new arrangements the new bodies will sit on a bi-monthly cycle and quarterly performance reports will in future go to the Audit and Standards Committee.
- 1.2 The Overview and Scrutiny Board will sit last in each bi-monthly cycle so that it can pick up any suggestions for task and finish groups from all the committees and commission task and finish groups where appropriate and resources permit. Committees should be prepared to prioritise their suggestions so that important issues are dealt with.

2. Draft Work Programme and Task and Finish Groups

2.1. Following discussion with the Chair and party spokespersons a draft work programme for the Committee is attached for the committee to consider (Appendix 1) and proposals for two proposed task and finish groups which the



Committee may wish to recommend to the next meeting of the Overview and Scrutiny Board on 5th October 2010. (Appendix 2). The criteria for choosing issues for review set out in the Overview and Scrutiny strategy are attached as Appendix 3.

- 2.2 The Chair and party spokespersons have also suggested that the Committee may wish to consider setting aside a day to hold a select committee to look at 'Educational Attainment/Achievement. The alternative would be to put forward a recommendation for a task and finish group to the Overview and Scrutiny Board. Whatever the methodology adopted the aim of any scrutiny should be to improve potential outcomes for people in Warwickshire. Therefore when considering any topic for scrutiny members should always ask themselves how a scrutiny review of the topic could add value.
- 2.3 The topic is obviously very broad and members need to consider what particular aspect(s) would most benefit from a scrutiny review. This would determine the list of invitees to any select committee.
- 2.4 For example Educational Attainment/Achievement can be broken down into age ranges i.e. Early Years Foundation: Primary or Secondary and or across the age range by themes e.g. educational inequalities, vulnerable groups (to be defined) etc.

3. Dates of Future Meetings

3.1 The proposed dates for future meetings of the Committee in the current financial year are

 10am 20th October 2010

 10am 8th December 2010

 10am 2nd February 2011

DAVID CARTER Strategic Director Customers, Workforce and Governance

Shire Hall Warwick

25 August 2010



Appendix 1

Children and Young People Overview and Scrutiny Committee Work Programme for 2010-11

					ΓТΥ	PE	LINF	(TO CC PRIOR	RATE	Cross cutting themes/ LAA	
MEETING DATE	ITEM AND RESPONSIBLE OFFICER	OBJECTIVE OF SCRUTINY	Performance Management	Holding Executive to Account	Policy Review/Development	Overview	Raising Levels of Educational Attainment	Maximising independence for older people and adults with disabilities.	Pursuing a Sustainable Environment and Economy	Protecting the Community and making Warwickshire a safer place to live	Cross cutting themes/ LAA
8 th Sept 2010	Public Question Time			~							
	Questions to the Portfolio Holder	Committee to put questions to the Portfolio Holder		~							
	Overview of new ways of working for the CYPF Directorate	Marion Davis - presentation				~					
	Final Report of the Exclusions Task and Finish Group –Chair Cllr Robbins	To consider the report and recommendations from the Exclusions Task and Finish Group	✓		~	~	High				
	Final Report of the Safeguarding Task and Finish Group –Chair Cllr Ross	To consider the report and recommendations from the Safeguarding Task and Finish Group	✓			~	Hlgh				
	Work Programme	To consider the future work programme of the Committee and any proposed task and finish groups									



			RE	POR	ΓТΥ	PE	LINF	(TO CO PRIOR	Cross cutting themes/ LAA		
MEETING DATE	ITEM AND RESPONSIBLE OFFICER	OBJECTIVE OF SCRUTINY	Performance Management	Holding Executive to Account	Policy Review/Development	Overview	Raising Levels of Educational Attainment	Maximising independence for older people and adults with disabilities.	Pursuing a Sustainable Environment and Economy	Protecting the Community and making Warwickshire a safer place to live	Cross cutting themes/ LAA
20 th October 2010	Free School Meals	Report requested at the meeting on 01- 12-09.	~				High				Narrowing the Gaps
	Warwickshire, Solihull, Coventry Total Place Pilot	To review the outcomes of the total place pilot and proposals for the future in relation to place based budgeting.		~	~	~	High				
8 th Dec 2010	Questions to the Portfolio Holder	Committee to put questions to the Portfolio Holder		~			High				
	Scrutiny of Bullying	12 month update requested by Members at the meeting on 01-12-09 (Rachel Evans) to include cyber bullying	✓				Med				
2 nd February 2011											
Proposal for Task and Finish Group	Post 16 Transport	To overview the implementation and implications of changes to Post 16 Transport and proposals for the future funding of the service.	~	~	√		High				Narrowing the Gaps
Proposal for Task and Finish Group	Warwickshire Pupil Reintegration Unit (PRU)	To review whether the Warwickshire Pupil Reintegration Unit secures value for money in the light of the recent Ofsted report.	√	~	~		High				Narrowing the Gaps



Proposed Scrutiny Review Outline

Review Topic (Name of review)	Warwickshire Pupil Reintegration Unit						
Panel/Working Group etc – Members	ТВА						
Key Officer Contact	ТВА						
Relevant Portfolio Holder(s)	Councillor Heather Timms						
Relevant Corporate/LAA Priorities/Targets	Raising educational attainment and improving the lives of children, young people and families						
Timing Issues	Start Select Committee meeting in November/December 2010						
Type of Review	Select committee style						
Resource Estimate	This review if commissioned is likely to take somewhere between 1-2 months to complete the review i.e. up to having an agreed final report ready for submission to committee,. A provisional estimate of scrutiny officer support is between 90 to 120 hours or 15 -20 days depending on the actual methodology used by the review. This assumes a review planning meeting, select committee, follow up meeting to develop conclusions and recommendations, includes arrangements for meetings, research time, liaison and contact with witnesses and write up of evidence and the final report.						
Rationale (Key issues and/or reason for doing the review)	 To review whether the Warwickshire Pupil Reintegration Unit secures value for money in the light of the recent Ofsted report which has assessed the service as inadequate. Warwickshire County Council currently spends around £4M per annum on the PRU, considerably more than other shire counties. To review whether the PRU is making progress towards providing pupils at the PRU with their entitlement and a proper educational experience, neither of which they are currently receiving, To review whether the PRU is making progress towards reintegrating pupils successfully into mainstream schooling more quickly than in recent years. 						
Objectives of Review (Specify exactly what the review should achieve)	 Quickly than in recent years. Understanding why the Ofsted has rated the PRU as inadequate and how the money has been spent. What plans/actions have/are being made to address the issues raised by the Ofsted report and are they robust enough? Are there other service models which could provide a better educational experience for 'PRU pupils' and at the same time secure better value for money in the future? 						



Scope of the Topic (What is specifically to be included/excluded)	Include The following is included in the scope of the review: • TBC <u>Excluded</u> The following falls outside the scope of the review: • TBC
Indicators of Success – Outputs (What factors would tell you what a good review should look like?)	 Recommendations accepted and implemented to deliver improvements
Indicators of Success – Outcomes (What are the potential outcomes of the review e.g. service improvements, policy change, etc?)	 Recognisable improvements in the provision of services More cost effective model of service delivery Reassure public/promote confidence
Other Work Being Undertaken (What other work is currently being undertaken in relation to this topic, and any appropriate timescales and deadlines for that work)	



Proposed Scrutiny Review Outline

Review Topic (Name of review)	Post 16 Transport					
Panel/Working Group etc – Members	ТВА					
Key Officer Contact	ТВА					
Relevant Portfolio Holder(s)	Cllr Heather Timms					
Relevant Corporate/LAA Priorities/Targets	Raising educational attainment and improving the lives of children, young people and families					
Timing Issues	Start no earlier than January 2011 to take account of issues arising from the Government Spending Review					
Type of Review	Select committee style					
Resource Estimate	This review if commissioned is likely to take somewhere between 1-2 months to complete the review i.e. up to having an agreed final report ready for submission to committee,. A provisional estimate of scrutiny officer support is between 90 to 120 hours or 15 -20 days depending on the actual methodology used by the review. This assumes a review planning meeting, select committee, meeting to develop conclusions and recommendations, includes arrangements for meetings, research time, liaison and contact with witnesses and write up of evidence and the final report.					
Rationale (Key issues and/or reason for doing the review)	The medium term savings plan agreed as part of the 2010/11 revenue budget resolutions assumes savings over 3 years of £1.3M [£379000 in 2010/11, £550,000 in 2011/12 and £371,000 in 2012/13]. The Children Young People and families OSC received a report on 23 June 2010 on the policy changes necessary to achieve the savings target. Concern was expressed about the impact on the education and achievement of children and young people, particularly in rural areas, and the consequent impact on providers. The focus of the review is to assess the impact of the changes already made, whether further changes would be required to respond to the Spending Review and the potential impact on the education and achievement of children and young people.					

Objectives of Review (Specify exactly what the review should achieve)	 Have the proposed changes to Post 16 Transport been implemented Are further changes proposed Identify any impact of changes already made on the attainment/education children and young people Whether the proposed savings agreed as part of the 2010/11 budget are on track Consider proposals for the future funding of the service. What are the options for achieving any savings targets How do the options impact on the education and attainment of children and young people Assess the implications and impact of any future service changes
Scope of the Topic (What is specifically to be included/excluded)	Include The following is included in the scope of the review: • TBC Excluded The following falls outside the scope of the review: • TBC
Indicators of Success – Outputs (What factors would tell you what a good review should look like?)	 Recommendations accepted and implemented
Indicators of Success – Outcomes (What are the potential outcomes of the review e.g. service improvements, policy change, etc?)	 Savings targets achieved No discernable adverse impact on the education and attainment of children and young people.
Other Work Being Undertaken (What other work is currently being undertaken in relation to this topic, and any appropriate timescales and deadlines for that work)	



The Council's overview and scrutiny strategy identifies the following as relevant when considering topics for scrutiny reviews

- Does this issue have a potential impact for significant section(s) of the population?
- Is it a matter of general public concern?
- Is the issue to be reviewed a key deliverable of a strategic and/or partnership plan?
- Is it a key performance area where the Council needs to improve?
- Is there a legislative requirement to undertake the review?

Secondly to ensure that reviews add value/ make a difference

- Are there adequate resources available to do the activity well?
- Is the overview and scrutiny activity timely?
- Is there a clear objective for scrutinising this topic?
- Is there evidence to support the need for overview and scrutiny?
- What are the likely benefits to the council and its customers?
- Are we likely to achieve a desired outcome?
- What are the potential risks

Reasons to reject Items for overview and scrutiny might include

- An issue is being examined elsewhere e.g. by the cabinet, working group, officer group, other body
- An issue was dealt with less than 2 years ago
- New legislation or guidance is expected within the next year
- There is no scope for overview and scrutiny to add value/ make a difference

			RE	POR	ΓТΥ	PE	LIN	(TO CO PRIOF	Cross cutting themes/ LAA		
MEETING DATE	ITEM AND RESPONSIBLE OFFICER	OBJECTIVE OF SCRUTINY	Performance Management	Holding Executive to Account	Policy Review/Development	Overview	Raising Levels of Educational Attainment	Maximising independence for older people and adults with disabilities.	Pursuing a Sustainable Environment and Economy	Protecting the Community and making Warwickshire a safer place to live	Cross cutting themes/ LAA
8 th Sept 2010	Public Question Time			~							
	Questions to the Portfolio Holder	Committee to put questions to the Portfolio Holder		~							
	Overview of new ways of working for the CYPF Directorate	Marion Davis - presentation				✓					
	Final Report of the Exclusions Task and Finish Group –Chair Cllr Robbins	To consider the report and recommendations from the Exclusions Task and Finish Group	~		~	•	High				
	Final Report of the Safeguarding Task and Finish Group –Chair Cllr Ross	To consider the report and recommendations from the Safeguarding Task and Finish Group	~			•	Hlgh				
	Work Programme	To consider the future work programme of the Committee and any proposed task and finish groups									
20 th October 2010	Free School Meals	Report requested at the meeting on 01- 12-09	✓				High				Narrowing the Gaps
	Warwickshire, Solihull and Coventry Total Place Pilot	To review the outcomes of the total place pilot and proposals for the future in relation to place based budgeting.		✓ 	~	✓	High				

Children and Young People Overview and Scrutiny Committee Work Programme for 2010-11



			REPORT TYPE				LINK TO CORPORATE PRIORITIES				Cross cutting themes/ LAA
MEETING DATE	ITEM AND RESPONSIBLE OFFICER	OBJECTIVE OF SCRUTINY	Performance Management	Holding Executive to Account	Policy Review/Development	Overview	Raising Levels of Educational Attainment	Maximising independence for older people and adults with disabilities.	Pursuing a Sustainable Environment and Economy	Protecting the Community and making Warwickshire a safer place to live	Cross cutting themes/ LAA
8 th Dec 2010	Questions to the Portfolio Holder	Committee to put questions to the Portfolio Holder		~			High				
	Scrutiny of Bullying	12 month update requested by Members at the meeting on 01-12-09 (Rachel Evans)	√				Med				
2 nd February 2011											
Dates to be fixed						 					
Proposals for Task and Finish Groups	Post 16 Transport	To overview the implementation and implications of changes to Post 16 Transport and proposals for the future funding of the service.	√	v	v		High				Narrowing the Gaps
	Warwickshire Pupil Reintegration Unit (PRU)	To review whether the Warwickshire Pupil Reintegration Unit secures value for money in the light of the recent Ofsted report.	~	v	√		High				Narrowing the Gaps



Briefing Notes	Lead Portfolio Holder CY&F	Key challenges for the next 12 months for 1 September 2010					

